ESURE GROUP

Annual Report & Accounts 2024

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At a glance

Strong, distinct brands

We reinforced our position as a leading digital insurer within the UK market, built on industry leading technology, delivering a better experience for our customers. Since completing migration of our customers on to our new cloud native platform, as part of our multi-year digital transformation journey, we've been unlocking the potential in our new platform to deliver enhanced customer experience and growth.

FIRST ALTERNATIVE

A solid platform for sustainable and profitable growth

Sheilas'

Wheels



Our products

of Group policies that are Motor (2023: 73%) 29% of Group policies that are Home (2023: 27%)

Price Comparison Websites 90%
 Direct 10%

esure distribution split by channel



esure

market coverage:

defagto

2012-2024

EXPERT RATED

IFI IFX

Our esure Flex 3* defaqto-rated product provides a more basic level of cover at a typically lower price point

Our core 5^{*} defagto-rated products

comprehensive Home and Motor cover

provide customers with our most

New Sheilas' Wheels Essentials Home and Motor products launching in 2025

Tiered product offering for broader

1 The turnover alternative performance measure has been restated for 2023 to bring instalment income onto a written, rather than earned basis, in line with the gross written premium input

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At a glance

Strong partners





databricks

A pivotal year with transformation complete

Strong growth and financial performance

£126.8m

Trading profit (+£143.5m year on year)

Recordbreaking

Home new business sales during H2 2024

+60,000

60,000 (+2.9% year on year), achieving a growth rate of 7.7% in H2

Ended 2024 as a Top-3 converting insurer on Price Comparison Websites

Consistent improvement across customer metrics

72%

Digital ease (% of Customers scoring 4 or 5 out of 5 for ease of using digital journeys at December 2024 versus 52% in December 2023)

92%

Right First Time

(% of customers having no need to get back in touch with us within five days of their initial contact with our Operations team, December 2024, versus 87% in December 2023) 80%

Of customer contact is self-served via digital channels (December 2024)

+26pts Relationship Net Promoter Score

(RNPS, a measure of service satisfaction) rebounded strongly, growing 26pts from April to December

Financial Year – Key Facts

Growth

In-force Policies

2.13m2023: 2.07m Change: +0.06m

Turnover^{1,2}

£1,111m

2023 (restated): £973m Change: +£138m

Net Insurance Revenue¹

£888.8m 2023: £752.1m Change: +£136.7m

earned basis, in line with the gross written premium input

Quality

Net Loss Ratio¹

2023: 78.7% Change: -14.2ppt

Expense Ratio^{1,4} 20.0% 2023: 23.8%

Change: -3.8ppt

Combined Operating Ratio¹



Change: -18.0ppt

1 Alternative performance measure. The rationale for the use of these metrics can be found in the Glossary of Terms and Measuring

2 The turnover alternative performance measure has been restated for 2023 to bring instalment income onto a written, rather than

5 Profit margin no longer includes non-trading investment income, the prior year comparable has therefore been restated where the

3 The 2023 comparative for RoTE has been restated following a prior period adjustment to insurance liabilities.



2023: 102.5%

Returns

IFRS Profit After Tax

£57.7m 2023: -£60.1m

Change: +£117.8m

Profit Margin (%)^{1,5} 13.2%

2023: -2.1% Change: +15.3ppt

Return on Tangible Equity (RoTE)¹

9,9%

2023: -10.9%³ Change: +50.8ppt £126.8m

2023: -£16.7m Change: +£143.5m

Solvency Coverage

172% 2023: 151% Change: +21ppt

Trading Profit¹

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impact of doing so is minimal

4 Motor and Home only, excludes Central costs.

Performance on pages 181 to 185.

Strategic Report

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Chair's Statement

"It has been exciting to see the benefits that are already arising from the new platform."

Andy Haste Chair of the Board of Directors

Business transformation

In 2024, we reinforced our position as a leading digital insurer within the UK market. The investment in our digital transformation over recent years culminated in migrating all our customers and colleagues onto a new technology platform in the first quarter. Following this, our focus has been on utilising the platform's capability to improve the customer experience and return to profitable growth.

It has been exciting to see the benefits that are already arising from the new platform. With a powerful data asset at its core, we have significantly improved our digital-first journeys in response to customer needs and have expanded our product offerings to grow the business.

Our customers

We have made good progress on delivering for our customers. Our overall service position and complaints volumes weren't where we wanted them to be at the start of 2024, but we finished the year in a strong position. Through the concerted efforts of our teams, customer experience metrics consistently improved during the second half of the year and we are set up to drive further improvements throughout 2025.

While we have seen inflation easing, we are mindful that cost-of-living pressures remain for our customers. I welcome the focus of the government and the regulator to review the various factors that influence the cost of insurance. This can only deliver positive outcomes for customers and closely aligns with our own core purpose of fixing insurance for good. Ensuring our products and services provide real value is paramount to delivering fair customer outcomes and continues to be a top priority for us.

Chair's Statement

continued

Our people

The market-leading platform we have built combines great technology with exceptional talent across the business. We have consciously built a team with a blend of deep-rooted insurance expertise and strong digital capability to fuel customer-inspired innovation.

The pace of change over recent years is hugely exciting, and has only been achieved because of the skill, resilience and dedication of our colleagues. I am very grateful for the important role all our people have played in transforming our business, delivering for our customers, and returning us to profitable growth. I would particularly like to recognise colleagues within customer-facing roles, who worked relentlessly to return service levels to the high standards our customers should expect from us.

Board and governance

The Board recognises that strong corporate governance is a key factor in delivering sustainable business performance and creating value for our stakeholders. Our Game Changer strategy continues to serve us well, and the Board is using the exceptional breadth of customer data available via the new technology platform to prioritise and assess progress.

I am delighted to have welcomed Annette Andrews to the Board as an Independent Non-Executive Director in May. Annette has an exceptional reputation for driving people-centred change from her people leadership roles within the financial services sector and brings a wealth of People and Customer experience to the Board.

Outlook

Over recent years, we have been focused on building a strong foundation from which we can flourish, and we were able to capitalise on the opportunities this investment has created in 2024. Thanks to our clear ambition, commitment to a bold transformation programme, and brilliant execution, we have enjoyed a strong year and established ourselves as a leading digital insurer. I look forward to a successful and exciting future, as we continue to build on this year's achievements and deliver even more sustainable value for our customers and business.

Andy Haste Chair of the Board of Directors

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Chief Executive's Review

2024 was a landmark year on our journey to build the UK's pre-eminent digital insurer. We successfully completed our multi-year transformation, migrating all customer policies, claims and 1.6 billion data points onto our cloud-native platform, and fully decommissioned our legacy technology just three months later. This has unlocked huge potential for us. By optimising customer experience on the new platform, expanding our product offering, and maintaining a disciplined approach to trading, we have also delivered record financial performance. I'm immensely proud of what we've achieved and excited about the opportunities ahead, as we continue to leverage our market-leading digital platform.

"We made excellent progress to deliver our strategy and built strong foundations to achieve our long-term growth plans."

David McMillan Chief Executive Officer 07

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Chief Executive's Review

Financial overview

The investment in our digital transformation and disciplined trading strategy over recent years have resulted in strong profitability and a return to growth in the number of customers we serve.

Sophisticated pricing capability has improved our competitiveness in the market, with new propositions further expanding our footprint and boosting customer retention. We increased in-force policies to 2.13 million in 2024, improved our loss ratio by 14%, and saw a 4% reduction to our expense ratio through operating efficiencies on the new platform. I'm particularly pleased with the stand-out performance of our Home business, with strong new business sales in the second half of the year, contributing to record full-year trading profit.

This strong performance has driven a rebound in profitability. We delivered £126.8 million of trading profit (+£143.5 million year-on-year)¹, and £57.7 million IFRS Profit After Tax (+£117.8 million year-on-year), which provides a great foundation for our future growth plans. This also flowed into strong solvency coverage at 172%, supported by the removal of dual-running technology costs post-transformation. We continue to operate with a conservative balance sheet, benefitting from prudent reserving and a high-quality asset portfolio.

Improving customer experience

We're committed to providing an excellent customer experience with every interaction. At the start of the year, unprecedented call volumes put a strain on customer service, which at times, was below the high standards our customers expect from us. I appreciate the considerable efforts of our colleagues over this period which resulted in strong customer satisfaction throughout the second half of the year and into 2025.

The real-time insights now available to us on the new platform help us quickly respond to evolving customer needs. This has supported a relentless focus on improving customer experience and speeding-up service. 80% of customer service contacts are now fully self-served digitally and digital ease has improved by 20%pts over the course of the year.

A key focus has been to expand our product offering, providing customers with more choice. During the year, we launched esure Flex for Home customers and temporary insurance cover for Motor customers. More recently we have launched the esure app which provides easy access to all our customer journeys as well as a host of useful motoring services such as tax and MOT reminders.

Leading the way with AI

We've built exceptional data capability on the new platform, with our real-time single view of customer interactions helping us to optimise our pricing, underwriting, fraud, and marketing activities.

Our advanced AI capability has been widely recognised, both within the industry and beyond. We have ten GenAI use cases already scaled across the business, with more to come in 2025. This is delivering significant benefits through streamlined processes, faster customer service, and dynamic pricing for a competitive edge.

As the AI landscape continues to evolve at pace, we're in a strong position to embrace it, and to do so in a responsible, considered way.

Our data expertise has also shaped a national debate on road safety. We published data to show the positive impact 20mph zones have had on reduced claims frequency and severity, and have proactively passed these savings back to customers through reduced premiums.

1 Alternative Performance Measure – the rationale for the use of these metrics can be found in the Glossary of Terms and Measuring Performance on pages 181 to 185.

+2.9% In-force Policy growth



Chief Executive's Review

continued

"Our market-leading digital platform has plenty more capability still to unlock."

Exceptional talent and culture

Transforming our business has only been possible thanks to the talent and dedication of our teams. In a challenging but very successful year, I'd like to thank all our colleagues for playing strong as one, daring to do different and acing what matters most. I'm immensely proud of what we've achieved together.

After a period of significant change, it's encouraging to see colleague satisfaction growing alongside improved customer metrics. Through quarterly employee engagement surveys, we consistently achieved high scores for teamwork, supportive managers, and the working environment we provide. I'm also pleased that our strong culture has been externally recognised, with the Financial Times featuring esure on its 2025 UK's Best Employers list.

Outlook

2024 was a milestone year with transformation now complete. We made excellent progress in delivering our strategy and built strong foundations to achieve our long-term growth plans.

Our market-leading digital platform is already providing us with a cost advantage and has plenty more capability still to unlock. We'll leverage this in 2025 to further enhance customer experience and broaden our reach by utilising the strength of our brands and launching new products. The strength of our pricing and underwriting fundamentals, supported by cutting-edge data and AI capability, will be critical to trade successfully in a competitive market – and with the transformation spend now behind us, we're well-positioned to deliver continued sustainable, profitable growth.

I'm very optimistic about the opportunities that lie ahead, as we embark on the next stage of our journey.

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David McMillan Chief Executive Officer

Business Model – Driving Value

Our operating model, supported by our strategic priorities, drives growth, quality and returns.

Our strategic focus



Unlocking the benefits of our new digital platform for customers and colleagues; fully decommissioning legacy technology.

What we do

Great Value Products

Our increasing selection of products provides cover to suit different customers' needs at a range of price points.

Enhancing Value

As an agile organisation we listen and respond to customer feedback, with a focus on delivering great customer outcomes and strengthening our business.



Creating an inclusive, collaborative and supportive environment for our colleagues to flourish.



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Supporting our communities and reducing the impact we have on the environment.

Excellent Customer Service

Our digital journeys are an easy and convenient way for customers to manage their policies, with our dedicated colleagues on hand to support when needed.

Effective Claims Management

Simple digital journeys alongside expert and empathetic Claims handlers ensure we deliver for customers when they need us most.

Leading Data Science and Risk Selection

Our extensive data assets and advanced data science capability inform our forensic understanding of insurance risk.

Efficient Balance Sheet

Solvency coverage increased by +21ppt and delivered 39.9% return on tangible equity¹. Our active risk management, reinsurance relationships and strong underwriting capability allow us to maintain an efficient balance sheet and generate enhanced long-term returns.

Low-Cost Operations

Having fully decommissioned our legacy technology, eradicating dual-running costs and with our focus on cost efficiency and investment in empowering customers to use digital channels, we strive to deliver leading unit economics.

How we share value with our stakeholders

Our Customers

We deliver high-quality, competitive products with intuitive and empathetic service.

Our Corporate Partners

We aim to build mutually beneficial long-term relationships across a broad range of valued partners.

Our Colleagues

We are committed to fostering a supportive and inclusive working environment focused on employee wellbeing, where our colleagues can develop and thrive.

Our Investors

We work to deliver long-term returns for our shareholder and, through the cycle, deliver profitable growth.

Our Communities

We strive to make a positive impact through charity partnerships and colleague volunteering.

Strategic Framework

Our purpose is to fix insurance for good and, in doing so, deliver growth, quality customer experience, and long-term returns.

The four strategic pillars of our Game Changer strategy are:

We are creating the UK's **leading digital insurer**, built on industry-beating technology capabilities.

Read more page 12

This will **enhance value**, delivering better outcomes for our customers and further strengthening our business. 11

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Read more page 16



We use our know-how to support a **safer, more sustainable world**.



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esure's **exceptional culture** (diverse expertise, customer obsession, modern, collaborative and agile) will be key to our success.

Read more page 18

STRATEGIC REPORT

Digital Leadership

esure is a leading digital insurer operating at scale with over two million customers.

We are operating solely on our new 100% cloud-native digital platform and are now realising the benefits of our multi-year transformation to become the UK's leading digital insurer. Our platform is integrated with over 50 leading cloud solutions and insurance partners.

Legacy technology decommissioned

Following migration of our full customer base by the end of the first quarter of 2024, we decommissioned all legacy technology within three months, removing dual running costs and simplifying our business.

Our focus now moves to refinement and optimisation to enhance our digital processes and customer experience. As customers increasingly look for personalised and intuitive digital experiences, our platform enables us to make managing insurance online more straightforward.

Digital Leadership

continued

Digital channel adoption

Our new digital platform enables customers to easily and conveniently manage their insurance online; with our expert, empathetic colleagues available when needed most.

92%

Right first time

(% of customers having no need to get back in touch with us within five days of their initial contact with our Operations team, December 2024, vs. 87% December 2023)

57%

Mid-Term Adjustment transactions fully self-served (December 2024, vs. 30% December 2023)

83%

Renewal ease

(% of customers rating the ease of their renewal process 4 or 5 out of 5, December 2024, vs. 58% February 2024¹)



squads work on digital continuous improvement, including enhancements to self-service that make things easier and more efficient, for customers and colleagues

1 Renewal ease statistics have only been collected since February 2024

72%

Digital ease (% of customers rating their overall digital experience 4 or 5 out of 5, December 2024, vs. 52% December 2023)

92%

Ease after Mid-Term Adjustment transaction (% of customers scoring the ease of making a Mid-Term Adjustment 4 or 5 out of 5, December 2024, vs. 87% December 2023)

78%

Ease at eFNOL (% of customers rating the ease of making their claim (First Notification of Loss) online 4 or 5 out of 5, December 2024, vs. 56% December 2023) Spotlight on Home claims

We are working to make Home claims digital journeys more intuitive and helpful:

56% of Home claims registered

online across 2024

18%

of Home claims registered online settled without human intervention

New claims dashboard

for customers to support them through the eFNOL process, launching 2025

Adoption of digital channels

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has been supported by our chatbot and Live Chat communication channels:

80%

of customer contact was self-served via digital channels (December 2024)

>50%

agent-assisted journeys are via Live-Chat, representing 12% of overall customer contact (December 2024)

8% of overall contact is via telephony

(December 2024)

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STRATEGIC REPORT

Digital Leadership

Data and Al

The ability to leverage data and AI is an important source of competitive advantage in our market.

We make industry-leading use of AI and Machine Learning:

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Data mining

Generative AI use cases scaled across the business, with ability to scale new use cases in six to eight weeks Our new proprietary data mining tool has been scaled for fraud detection and reviewed 2.5 million documents in 2024, with a 246% increase in document detection rate vs. previous third-party solution

Generative AI

Extended our use of Generative AI for summarisation, expanding from Operations and Claims to include complaints management and fraud recognition. AI use cases are positively impacting customer handling times on digital journeys and reducing case management lengths across complaints

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Colleagues are being assisted by our Generative AI use cases to support their job roles, with all customers benefiting from the integration of Generative AI within their contact experience

Industry-leading

use of Reinforcement Learning and Dynamic pricing for price optimisation on Price Comparison Websites for our First Alternative brand live in market from the third quarter of the year



Reinforcement learning for price optimisation:

Developed following research with the Alan Turing Institute, our industry-first dynamic pricing optimisation system allows faster rate setting than standard insurance software.

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Our approach adjusts quote prices on Price Comparison Websites based on market conditions and esure's risk profile. This ensures customers get the best price possible while maintaining an appropriate risk mix.

Initial results show:

- Increased contribution per policy vs. baseline risk layer
- Achievement of our target conversion rate
- Little cannibalisation of our other brands
- No adverse impact on vulnerable customers due to dynamic pricing system
- Efficiency savings

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Digital Leadership

continued



is central to our business, and the ability to rapidly ingest large quantities of data on our new platform is improving our understanding of customer behaviour, our accuracy and responsiveness.

50 New proprietary factors developed

inhouse, enabling a more granular geographic risk assessment

3.6bn

Data points, sourced from our work with HERE Technologies, used within recent pricing model upgrade informing over 100 live Motor and Home models >135

Model updates implemented in 2024 to respond to inflation and market pricing

23k

Data events processed every minute, with a total of c.900bn data assets now held



Partnership with HERE Technologies:

Ingestion of new data source provided by HERE allows esure to harness the power of dynamic map content and high-quality traffic data to improve the accuracy of our pricing models and react quickly to emerging trends.

By improving the quality of our data, esure has gained a deeper understanding of traffic patterns, developed comprehensive scoring models, and enhanced our predictive capabilities.

The seamless integration of HERE's data into our new platform has further streamlined operations and enabled richer data-driven decision-making.

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Enhancing Value

With customer centricity driving us, we are committed to offering innovative solutions that cater to the evolving needs of customers to deliver great outcomes and strengthen our business.



In 2024 we have focused on continuing to understand and meet evolving customer expectations for insurance products and service experience.

We have:

- Relaunched our esure and Sheilas' Wheels websites with an improved online purchase journey
- Scaled esure Flex to over 700,000 policies, representing nearly half of our total Motor policies
- Launched a new temporary car insurance product, moving from concept to launch within weeks
- Prepared for planned 2025 launches of our new Sheilas' Wheels Essentials Home and Motor products
- Built a new esure app, giving customers the ability to check and change their cover and make a claim, as well as manage car admin directly in-app through tax and MOT reminders and the ability to book servicing and repairs at local garages. The app launched in H1 2025.

Enhancing Value

continued

Through embracing continuous improvement, we have seen customer metrics improve across the insurance policy lifecycle and expect these to continue to increase as we make managing insurance simpler for our customers

90%

Purchase satisfaction (% of customers scoring 4 or 5 out of 5 for satisfaction after purchase, December 2024, vs. 85% March 2024²)

12.4

Days key to key time (December 2024, vs. 13.2 days in December 2023) and we are continuing to assess opportunities to reduce this further

66%

Motor retention (December 2024 vs. 54% in December 2023) and Home retention of 78% (December 2024 vs. 70% in January 2024)

1 Purchase satisfaction statistics have only been collected since March 2024

2 Post-Renewal ease statistics have only been collected since February 2024

3 Post-Repair satisfaction statistics have only been collected since January 2024

Annual Report and Accounts 2024

83%

Post-renewal ease (% of customers scoring 4 or 5 out of 5 for ease after renewing with us, December 2024, vs. 58% February 2024³)

88%

Post-repair satisfaction (December 2024 vs. 85% January 2024⁴) Strong conversion performance on Price Comparison Websites

We have a strong pedigree in trading effectively on Price Comparison Websites, meeting customer needs where they are purchasing most regularly and driving 90% of our new business sales through this channel.

While we did experience some service challenges at the start of the year, our customer satisfaction scores have significantly improved throughout the year, and our TrustPilot rating was 'Excellent' at 4.3 as at year end 2024.

Our scalable and flexible cloud-native platform is already integrated with over 50 leading Cloud solutions and insurance partners, giving us the ability to 'plug-in' and partner with new suppliers quickly and easily.



Exceptional Culture

The continued success of our business is powered by our market-leading platform – both technology and people.

We're committed to supporting all our people to be the best they can be, by creating an environment that fuels growth and values difference.

Colleagues have recognised this, with our 2024 engagement survey results placing esure in the top 10% of the financial services sector for our working environment and peer relationships. Colleagues also rated esure in the top 25% for management support, recognition, inclusion and diversity, freedom of opinion, goal setting, and organisational fit.

Our strong culture has been externally recognised, too. The Financial Times named esure as one of the UK's best employers for 2025.

	BEST EMPLOYERS
statista 🖍	UK 2025

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Exceptional Culture

continued



In the second quarter of 2024, we launched seven colleague-led communities to embed inclusion and diversity in everything we do. They provide a safe space for our people to connect, share and learn, and drive positive change across esure.

Gender equality community:

Driving gender balance

R.E.A.C.H. community:

Championing race, ethnicity, and cultural heritage

Caregiver community:

Supporting our carers and guardians

Coaching community:

Fuelling personal growth and development

PRIDE community:

For LGBTO+ colleagues and allies

Neurodiverse community:

Celebrating brains that think differently

community:

Give back

Championing charitable causes close to our hearts

Highlights from our communities:

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- We hosted five expert training sessions with Thrivver to help colleagues understand and unlock the power of neurodiversity in the workplace.
- 17 colleagues were paired with future leaders from under-represented backgrounds via Circl and earned a part-coaching qualification.
- Our first internal mentoring programme matched 22 cross-functional pairs to support personal and professional development.
- In May, we celebrated the second anniversary of our Women in Data partnership and launched a bespoke Level 3 Data Technician apprenticeship to further drive data enablement across the business.
- We enhanced our support for caregivers, providing up to five days of paid leave per year for colleagues to care for a dependent.
- Colleagues recorded 356 volunteering hours in 2024, including Shelter's Walk for Home, tree-planting with The Conservation Volunteers, and creating habitats for pollinators with GreenTheUK.

STRATEGIC REPORT

A More Sustainable and Safer World

A key pillar of our strategy is 'Driving Good'. We aim to be a force for good for our customers, colleagues, and the communities we are proud to work in and serve, as well as for the environment.

We believe that unmitigated climate change is a key risk for the insurance industry as well as a systemic threat to our society and we are committed to playing our part in helping the UK transition to a sustainable, low carbon economy.

As a general insurer, we are naturally passionate about supporting initiatives for safer roads and cleaner air, as well as the importance of a safe and secure home.

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A More Sustainable and Safer World

continued





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In this first full year of our corporate charity partnership with Shelter, we surpassed our fundraising target by 40%, thanks to a broad array of colleague and supplier fundraising activities throughout the year.

Brake the road safety charity

approximately 80,000 primary-school aged children participated in the Kids Walk demanding their right to safe and clean journeys.



() CIRCL

17 colleague volunteers from across

coaching programme with Circl, with

represented young, aspiring leaders.

esure colleagues matched with under-

the business participated in a 12-week

We launched an enhanced paid carers' leave policy in April, supporting our colleagues who are caregivers with up to five days of flexible, paid leave per year.



In partnership with 20's Plenty, esure identified the reduction in accidental damage claims following the introduction of 20mph zones in Wales in 2023 and shone a light on this and the resulting potential reduction in premiums for UK drivers should more 20mph zones be rolled out.

Environmental progress

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ClimateWise	

We were proud to maintain our rank of seventh within a global body of insurers, reinsurers and brokers, for our 2023/24 ClimateWise disclosure, recognising our continuing action and progress to support the fight against climate change.



Our tree planting partnership with TCV continued, with 910 trees planted across the UK in 2024, thanks to our customers choosing to forgo a courtesy car while their car is repaired.

26%

of parts repaired and 2.4% of replacements carried out using recycled parts, maintaining our focus on repairing instead of replacing.

Q2 2024

we opened a new state-of-the-art esure bodyshop in partnership with Halo ARC, fully equipped with the latest repair technology and built with sustainability at the forefront of its operation.



We continued our support for two naturebased initiatives through our partnership with GreenTheUK, creating three hectares of wildflower-rich meadows to support pollinators and other wildlife, and sponsoring five sea kelp recovery survey sites.

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A merger of ClimateCare & Natural Capital Partners

We continued work with Climate Impact to support a number of global carbon reduction projects to offset 110% of our prior year's residual Scope 1 and 2 greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions.

Our digital claims-review tool continues to reduce in-person call-outs to review damage claims, reducing associated emissions.

100%

of our branded bodyshops and 93% of our total Motor repair network are carbon neutral.

Investment Case

The Group is well positioned to drive value and is looking to do so by focusing on our three key priorities:

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Growth

Our mission is to be the UK's 'go to' digital personal lines insurer and as a result deliver long-term sustainable growth for the Group.

The Group has 2.13 million In-force Policies. While we distribute directly to consumers using our established brands, the majority of our distribution is through Price Comparison Websites, the customers' channel of choice.

We have an opportunity to serve more customers' home and motor insurance needs through the cautious growth of our competitive underwriting footprint.

Our Game Changer strategy has been bringing together digital transformation with our customer-centric approach to build a significant competitive advantage in this highly fragmented, profitable market.

We recognise that there will be periods when market conditions are not conducive to near-term growth and, in those circumstances, we will take a long-term view and demonstrate pricing discipline at the expense of short-term growth.



Quality

In addition to maintaining our core insurance disciplines our transformation programme has now delivered an advanced digital platform. With the entire customer base now supported by this new platform, we are well placed to deliver low-cost personalised customer experience using advanced data science to optimise customer service. The flexibility and ability to scale and customise the platform will allow us to expand the propositions offered and to further improve our management of insurance risk.

We have an experienced, high calibre and diverse management team with deep expertise in insurance, technology, customer experience and data to allow the Group to deliver on its promise to fix insurance for good.



Returns

The combination of the Group's trading and underwriting performance with its efficient balance sheet structure is expected to deliver strong profitability over the medium-to-long-term. Our disciplined financial and risk management approach and cautious reserving philosophy give the Group its strong balance sheet.

We expect our Game Changer strategy to build upon strong underwriting, pricing and claims management discipline through further product launches, automation and data science capabilities into 2025.

Key Performance Indicators ('KPIs')

Growth 2024

In-force Policies

2.13m 2023: 2.07m

Turnover^{1.2} **£1,111** 2023 (restated): £973m

Net Insurance Revenue¹

£888.8m^{2023: £752.1m}

Retention Rate

63% 2023: 67%

Quality 2024

Net Loss Ratio¹ 64.5% 2023: 78.7%

Expense Ratio¹

2023: 23.8%

Complaints (% of policies)

0.79% 2023: 1.32%

Referrals to the Financial Ombudsman (% of policies)

0.10% 2023: 0.04%

Employee Engagement



Combined Operating Ratio¹

84.5% 2023: 102.5%

Returns 2024

Profit/(Loss) After Tax

£57.7m

Profit Margin¹

13.2% 2023: -2.1% Solvency Coverage

172% 2023: 151%

Trading Profit/(Loss)¹



RoTE¹ 39.9% 2023: -10.9%³

1 Alternative Performance Measure – the rationale for the use of these metrics can be found in the Glossary of Terms and Measuring Performance on pages 181 to 185

2 The turnover alternative performance measure has been restated for 2023 to bring instalment income onto a written, rather than earned basis, in line with the gross written premium input

3 The 2023 comparative for RoTE has been restated following a prior period adjustment to insurance liabilities

Annual Report and Accounts 2024

continued

2024 marks a new chapter following esure's transformation journey with the benefit of restored pricing adequacy benefitting this year's financial performance.

Following significant rate strengthening in 2023, the UK motor market experienced softening rates. This was against a backdrop of continued claims severity inflation but lower claims frequency. Meanwhile, the UK home market continued to experience price increases following pressure on underwriting results.

The Group continued to focus on pricing and underwriting discipline whilst returning to policy growth from the second quarter of 2024 having started to enjoy the benefits of the new platform. Looking forward, the Group now believes it is well positioned to capitalise on a lower cost to serve, a more efficient operating platform and advanced data science and analytical capabilities that align to long-term profit growth.

Financial Summary

Year ended 31 December	2024	2023
In-force policies	2.13	2.07
£m		
Turnover ^{1,2}	1,111.3	973.1
Motor trading profit ¹	146.7	21.5
Home trading profit ¹	29.9	1.1
Central trading costs ¹	-49.8	-39.3
Trading profit/(loss) ¹	126.8	-16.7
Exceptional investment performance ¹	2.1	-2.2
Non-trading costs ¹	-39.6	-57.3
Finance costs	-14.5	-12.4
Profit/(loss) before tax	74.8	-88.6
Loss ratio ¹	64.5%	78.7%
Expense ratio ¹	20.0%	23.8%
Combined operating ratio ¹	84.5%	102.5%
Profit margin ¹	13.2%	-2.1%
Return on tangible equity ^{1,3}	39.9%	-10.9%
Solvency ratio	172%	151%

1 Alternative Performance Measure – the rationale for the use of these metrics can be found in the Glossary of Terms and Measuring Performance on pages 181 to 185

2 The turnover alternative performance measure has been restated for 2023 to bring instalment income onto a written, rather than earned basis, in line with the gross written premium input

3 The 2023 comparative for RoTE has been restated following a prior period adjustment to insurance liabilities

continued

Financial Overview

Market conditions across Motor and Home insurance remained competitive. Motor experienced softening rate conditions during the year, albeit from a position of strength at the end of 2023. This softening pricing environment was offset by lower claims frequencies and a moderation in previously heightened levels of severity inflation. Meanwhile Home continued to experience rate hardening across the year, with weather experience being relatively benign. The Association of British Insurers reported a -1% year on year decrease in average written premium across Motor and +11% increase across Home.

Having completed esure's transformation programme in early 2024, and margin restored to historic highs, esure returned to policy growth from the second quarter of this year. Despite the softening of rates, Motor average written premium increased by 11% allowing for growth at acceptable margins. Home increased average written premium by 16% whilst adopting a more competitive stance in pricing to drive volume. Overall, in-force policies increased modestly, by 3% over the full year with growth in the second half of 8% more than offsetting a reduction in the first half of the year.

Group Trading Profit, esure's measure of underlying long-term profitability, increased substantially to a profit of £126.8m (2023: -£16.7m). The increase was primarily due to much stronger written profitability earning through from 2023 into 2024. Motor claims frequency remained marginally lower than prior year in spite of drivers returning to the roads at broadly pre-pandemic levels. Severity inflation remained elevated compared to long-term historic levels, albeit moderated somewhat in the second half of the year. Likewise, Home experienced benign weather conditions with the Group benefiting from its ongoing strategy to de-risk the book away from weather-related perils.

Having successfully completed the migration of all policies onto the Group's new technology platform, legacy technology infrastructure was decommissioned in the second quarter. This allowed the Group to bring to an end transformation related non-trading expenditure and removed the residual dual running costs from the Group's operations.

The Group also incurred a charge of £11.3m following completion of a review of historic Motor total loss claims. Of this charge, £10m is a provision as at December 2024 with approximately half of the provision an allowance to cover the prospective operational cost of remediation and the balance to allow for potential retrospective customer redress to previous settled total loss claims.

As a result, esure's overall level of profitability increased substantially to a reported profit before tax of £74.8m (2023: -£88.6m). 2024 marks a transitional year in esure's history where 2025 is expected to benefit from lower costs to serve and the absence of non-trading programme costs.

Group solvency is above the target operating range at 172% (2023: 151%) with the increase driven by underlying business performance over the year.

continued

Turnover

	2024			20		
Year ended 31 December	Motor	Home	Total	Motor	Home	Total
In-force policies (million)	1.54	0.59	2.13	1.50	0.57	2.07
£m						
Gross written premiums	874.8	119.0	993.8	769.4	99.4	868.8
Instalment income written	66.6	7.0	73.6	55.2	5.7	60.9
Admin and cancellation fees	14.9	0.6	15.5	17.7	0.6	18.3
Other ASR income	19.0	9.4	28.4	15.9	9.2	25.1
Turnover	975.3	136.0	1,111.3	858.2	114.9	973.1

Group turnover increased 14% during 2024 as a result of a combination of higher average written premiums across both Motor and Home and a 3% increase in in-force policies. Retention dropped to 63% (2023: 67%) driven by migration of policies onto the new platform in the first quarter of 2024, which was subsequently offset by stronger retention levels and a return to strong policy growth in the second half of the year.

Motor saw in-force policy count increase by 3% to 1.54m (2023: 1.50m) as the business returned distribution capability to pre-migration levels during the second quarter. Motor gross written premium increased by 11% accompanied by growth in instalment income driven by the higher average premiums, offset partially by lower policy fees and other ASR income. Overall Motor turnover grew by 14%.

Similarly, underlying price increases on Home led to a 16% year on year increase in average written premium with in-force policy count increasing 4% to 0.59m (2023: 0.57m). Home gross written premium and turnover increased by 20% and 18% respectively.

Net Loss Ratio

Year ended 31 December		2024			2023		
%	Motor	Home	Total	Motor	Home	Total	
Current accident year – normalised	70.7	63.3	69.9	81.4	81.9	81.5	
Weather impact versus normalised expectation	n/a	-4.9	-0.6	n/a	-4.7	-0.6	
Prior year reserves	-4.6	-6.0	-4.8	-2.6	0.5	-2.3	
Reported Net Loss Ratio (discounted)	66.1	52.4	64.5	78.8	77.7	78.7	

The total Reported Net Loss Ratio decreased by 14.2pts to 64.5% during 2024. The full impact of stronger written profitability across 2023 has earned in the 2024 result, resulting in a material reduction in the earned loss ratio.

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Motor Reported Net Loss Ratio decreased by 12.7pts, with the current accident year loss ratio decreasing by 10.7pts. The benefits of written rate increases during 2023 and 2024 have significantly influenced the reduction in loss ratio. The current year loss ratio also reflects the continuation of elevated market wide claims severity inflation across damage loss costs offset by claims volumes which reduced in the year. Prior year favourable reserve releases benefitted the loss ratio by 2pts more than in 2023 reflecting favourable claims severity and frequency development across prior years. On 11 January 2025, the Ogden discount rate used in personal injury claim settlements increased from -0.25% to 0.5%; this has been fully reflected in our year end reserves, but given esure's reinsurance structure, the impact on Motor profitability in 2024 was minimal. The movement in the discount rate supported a reduction in reinsurance costs for the 2025 underwriting year.

Home Reported Net Loss Ratio reduced 25.3pts, driven by a combination of stronger pricing, continued efforts to manage the risk profile away from volatile perils and large losses as well as relatively benign weather during the year which benefitted the loss ratio by 4.9pts relative to the long-term modelled average for weather related claims. The book also benefited from favourable prior year reserve releases equivalent to 6pts of loss ratio.

Expense ratio

Year ended 31 December	2024			2023		
%	Motor	Home	Total	Motor	Home	Total
Expense ratio	18.8%	29.4%	20.0%	22.5%	33.3%	23.8%

The expense ratio reduced year on year primarily as a result of higher Net Insurance Service Revenue and a relatively stable cost base. This was despite higher acquisition costs as the Group restored volume growth following completion of the policy migration. The Group's operating expenditure in 2024 also includes the impact of carrying approximately £3m of dual run costs (2023 c.£10m) related to esure's legacy technology platform which was decommissioned in the first half of 2024 and an additional charge relating to the revision of property related provisions.

Investment income

Year ended 31 December	2024			2023		
£m	Motor	Home	Total	Motor	Home	Total
Investment income	35.2	4.8	40.0	30.5	4.1	34.6
Exceptional investment performance			2.1			-2.2
Total investment income			42.1			32.4

The Group deploys a conservative investment strategy with the primary objectives of capital preservation and maintaining liquidity. Through close alignment of the asset and liability durations the Group can deliver appropriate returns while minimising earnings and capital volatility. Investment income is allocated to the Motor and Home portfolios and reported within their respective Trading Profit figures, and in 2024 continued to increase due to improving book yields.

Over 2024, investment income benefited from the rising yield environment experienced in recent years, earning into bond book yields and reflected in the Income Statement. Exceptional investment performance is a result of derivative and exchange rate effects, resulting from hedging activities.

continued

Profitability

Year ended 31 December	2024				2023			
£m	Motor	Home	Central	Total	Motor	Home	Central	Total
Trading (Loss)/Profit	146.7	29.9	-49.8	126.8	21.5	1.1	-39.3	-16.7
Profit margin				13.2%				-2.1%
Exceptional investment performance				2.1				-2.2
Non-trading costs				-39.6				-57.3
Finance costs				-14.5				-12.4
Profit/(Loss) Before Tax				74.8				-88.6

Non-trading costs

The first quarter of 2024 saw the successful migration of policies onto the new technology platform followed by the decommissioning of legacy infrastructure in the second quarter. £22.9m of non-trading costs incurred in the year therefore related to the tail of the transformation programme as well as associated run-off costs, property restructuring and investment in Generative AI (2023: £56.2m). Non-trading costs are not expected to be a significant on-going feature of the Group's overall cost base.

In line with others in the industry, the Group undertook a detailed review of a subset of historic claims processes during the year. The conclusion of this review is that in a small minority of claims, the settlement value will be adjusted to allow for a higher payment. As a consequence, the Group incurred £11.3m of non-trading costs relating to the remediation of these claims together with the operational cost associated with the remediation activity. £10m of this charge represents a provision at December 2024.

Finance costs

The Group incurred £14.5m (2023: £12.4m) of finance costs related to Tier 2 Subordinated Debt. The remaining £25.0m 6.75% ten-year Tier 2 Subordinated Notes issued on 19 December 2014, were redeemed in December 2024. The £75.0m 6.0% Restricted Tier 1 issuance on 22 July 2021 is accounted for under IFRS as equity, therefore the coupon is recognised on payment through other comprehensive income, rather than as a finance cost.

continued

Reinsurance

The Group purchases reinsurance as a risk transfer mechanism to mitigate risks that are outside the Group's appetite for individual claim or event exposure and to reduce the volatility caused by large individual and accumulation losses. By doing so, this reduces the impact that an event can have on the capital position and underwriting results in both Motor and Home. The Group's reinsurance programmes are due for renewal annually on either 1 January or 1 July.

Currently, the Group has in place non-proportional excess of loss reinsurance programmes for its Motor and Home underwriting activities. The purpose of these programmes is to provide cover for both individual large losses, for Motor and Home, and accumulation losses arising from natural and other catastrophe events for Home. Motor and Home reinsurance treaties are in place covering all years in which the Group has underwritten policies.

In 2024, the Group also had 40% whole account quota share reinsurance in place with various long standing reinsurance partners (2023: 40%).

The 2025 Motor excess of loss programme has been finalised with a reduction in the rate payable to reinsurers reflecting the increase in Ogden discount rate and improved margin for esure.

Solvency

The Group seeks to maintain an appropriate level of capitalisation and solvency to ensure that regulatory requirements are met with a prudent buffer and to ensure that there is sufficient capital available to fund profitable growth opportunities.

The Group's solvency coverage is above our desired operating range at 172% with Eligible Own Funds of £479.1m at 31 December 2024 (2023: 151% and £417.8m). Current year profitability significantly increased Own Funds over the year. The Solvency Capital Requirement increased to £279.1m (2023: £277.5m), reflecting increased levels of reserves and future premium forecasts.

The Group's capital position is outlined below:

Year ended 31 December	2024	2023
£m		
Own Funds	479.1	418.2
Tier 1	355.2	279.4
Tier 2	105.2	138.7
Tier 3	18.7	nil
Solvency Capital Requirement	279.1	277.5
Coverage Ratio	172%	151%

continued

Dividend policy

The Board considers issuing dividends to its shareholder if the Group has excess capital and distributable reserves. The Board considers several factors when determining the level of dividend, which include but are not limited to the level of available distributable reserves, opportunities for growth, potential strategic opportunities, and the outlook for solvency capital, including capital generation and headroom required to absorb adverse capital events.

esure Group plc, the parent company of the Group, is a non-trading holding company that derives its profits from dividends paid by its subsidiary companies. The Board reviews the level of distributable reserves and aims to maintain distributable reserves that provide sufficient cover for dividends.

The Group paid a dividend of £5m during 2024 (2023: £nil).

Outlook

Having successfully completed the Group transformation programme, the business is already seeing the benefits from its new technology and data platform. While we remain cautious regarding the outlook for market pricing in the near term, we are confident that this platform provides the foundation to support further improvements to the expense ratio as the Group grows and to allow the Group to deliver profitable growth by leveraging its product, pricing, data and distribution capabilities.

Our risk management approach continues to ensure a consistent and robust management of risks and opportunities across the business to support our strategy, with a particular focus this year on embedding new processes and controls following the completion of the transformation programme.

Risk strategy

We have strategic risk objectives (shown below) aligned to the Risk Management framework which informs the way we think about risk within the business. These objectives are owned by the Board and supported by measurable statements of risk appetite and Key Risk Indicators to provide the basis for the Group's strategic decision-making and business planning. A range of quantitative and qualitative measures of risk are maintained, against which the actual or planned exposures and uncertainties are regularly monitored and reported to the Group Executive, the Risk Committee and the Board.

Key Risk Theme:	Financial Sustainability	Solvency and Liquidity	Customer	Operational Risk and Reputation
Strategic Risk Objective:	We aim to manage financial risks to ensure the Group can continue to trade sustainably and grow profitability over the medium-term.	We ensure there are appropriate financial resources in place to deliver our corporate objectives and policyholder obligations with consideration of prudential risks. We aim to hold own funds in excess of regulatory capital requirements and within a range set by risk appetite to ensure the business remains sustainable in the long-term.	We ensure 'good outcomes' for our customers by having a customer focused strategy and culture with a strong focus on customer-centric product design, sales processes, services and claims delivery.	We manage our operational risks to ensure we prevent significant disruption to our services and failure to adhere to regulatory or legal requirements.
Link to Principal Risks:	Underwriting riskMarket riskCredit risk	 Solvency and liquidity 	 Operational risk Change risk Conduct and regulatory	

Climate risk is considered a cross-cutting risk across all our key risks themes -

continued

Risk management framework

Our risk management framework helps the Group identify, understand and manage risks and opportunities – helping the business increase the likelihood of achieving objectives by minimising threats and uncertainty and maximising opportunities.

The risk management framework supports the consistent and robust identification and management of opportunities and risks within desired levels across the Group, supporting openness, challenge, innovation and excellence in the achievement of objectives.

Within this framework:

- Our risk culture is a set of encouraged and acceptable behaviours, discussions, decisions and attitudes toward taking and managing risk, and is a key element of the risk management framework
- Our policy framework articulates in a suite of policies our business objectives, legal and regulatory obligations, and risk appetite, and helps colleagues to understand how we meet and achieve these

- Our Own Risk and Solvency Assessment ('ORSA') process is linked to our annual strategic planning process and includes our annual ORSA report which documents our capital requirements and risks associated with the current period and future periods. The key processes that underpin the ORSA include:
- Stress testing and scenario analysis including reverse stress testing
- Business planning and assessment of the key risks
- Forward-looking assessments of the solvency position
- Own assessment of solvency based on the Group's capital modelling
- Assessment of the appropriateness of the standard formula for regulatory capital setting
- Risk appetite setting
- Material and emerging risk reviews
- Climate risk materiality assessment, modelling and metrics

Risk Management Process



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Risk governance

We manage risk through the three lines model which provides a simple and effective way to delegate and co-ordinate risk management roles and responsibilities across the organisation. Further information on the work of the Risk Committee can be found in the Corporate Governance Report on pages 89 and 90.

1st Line – Business functions that own and manage risks

• Primary ownership, responsibility and accountability for identifying, assessing and managing risks and controls

2nd Line – Risk and compliance functions that oversee compliance and management of risks

• Monitor and help implement effective risk management practices and facilitate the reporting of risk-related information

3rd Line – Internal audit function that provides independent assurance

• Improves esure's operations through independent objective assurance and consulting activities

Accountability for the Risk and Compliance function resides with the Chief Risk and Legal Officer, a member of the Group Executive who reports to the Chief Executive Officer. Independence is assured through direct access to the Chair of the Risk Committee.

The accountability for the internal audit function resides with the Chief Audit Officer ('CAO'), who reports to the Chief Executive Officer. The independence of the CAO is assured through a direct reporting line into the Chair of the Audit Committee.

Accountabilities across the Executive Team and senior management are clearly articulated and managed through the Group Responsibilities Map. ጠ

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The Group's key Committees, which support senior managers in discharging their accountabilities, are shown in the following diagram:


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Principal risks and uncertainties

Our principal risks remain the same as last year and, despite the turbulent economic environment, remain stable for most risks. Our Change risk is reducing following completion of our transformation programme, although some uncertainty remains as we embed changes.

	Risk	Mitigation		
Underwriting Risk Pricing Reserving Catastrophe Trend:	 Definition Underwriting Risk represents the uncertainty in the profitability of the business written due to variability in premium rates as well as the value and timing of claims – this can impact historic (reserve risk) as well as future exposures (pricing and catastrophe). Current risk profile Underwriting Risk is expected to increase due to planned growth. We operate in a highly competitive pricing environment and continue to face heightened underwriting risks due to the inflationary impacts from the wider economy; the uncertainty on longer-term impacts from the Financial Conduct Authority General Insurance Pricing Practices (FCA GIPP) (2021); the Civil Liability Act (2020); changes to tariff and Judicial College Guideline awards for bodily injury (January 2025); and potential shifts in customer behaviour as they 	 Our reinsurance programme protects the business from individual large losses, catastrophe events, adverse reserve development and adverse loss ratio movement Claims management processes are designed to contain claims leakage and feedback claims trends whilst providing strong customer service A risk adjustment is held above the Actuarial Best Estimate under IFRS 17. In addition, independent external actuaries assess the adequacy of the Group's reserving assumptions 		
Market Risk	adapt to the heightened cost of living.	The investment strategy is set with consideration to the overall		
Interest Rate	Market Risk represents the uncertainty in the financial position due	market risk, risk appetite		
• Equity	to fluctuations in the level and volatility of market prices of assets and liabilities.	 Market risk is managed against this appetite through regular monitoring including the drivers of investment return and 		
 Spread 	Current risk profile	value at risk measures, counterparty exposures, asset liability		
 Concentration 	Uncertainty in general market conditions is driven by potential	management and the interest rate sensitivities of our assets and liabilities		
Trend:	interest rate volatility by central banks; and geopolitical tensions and activity.	 The investment strategy does not materially expose the Group to currency risk or the risks arising from active trading of derivatives 		
-	Climate risks could impact market risk. These arise from the potential impact of the global transition to a lower-carbon economy.	 The Group's policy concerning market risk aligns and ensures compliance with Solvency II 'Prudent Person Principle' requirements 		

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	Risk	Mitigation	
Credit Risk Reinsurance Counterparty Supplier Trend:	DefinitionCredit Risk is the loss or adverse change in the Group's financial situation resulting from fluctuations in the credit standing or default of counterparties to which the Group is exposed (note that investment counterparties are included within market risk).Current risk profile The Group has a low appetite for credit risk. The most material exposures are through reinsurance counterparties.	 We evaluate the creditworthiness of reinsurers and concentration against our risk appetite metrics. These are monitored prior to the finalisation of any reinsurance contract and on an ongoing basis As part of the Group's supplier management process, credit exposures to significant third-parties are monitored regularly 	
Solvency and Liquidity Risk Solvency Liquidity Trend:	DefinitionSolvency Risk is the risk that the Group has insufficient capital to meet regulatory requirements. Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group is unable to realise investments and other assets to settle financial obligations when they fall due.Current risk profile The Group is currently operating within or above its desired solvency operating range and liquidity risk profile.	 Solvency risk is managed through the ORSA processes which include stress and scenario testing of a range of events and decisions Liquidity risk is assessed by considering the Group's operating cash flows, stressed for catastrophe scenarios, and liquidity strains Regulatory risks that could impact solvency are monitored through our close relationship with the Prudential Regulation Authority and other bodies 	
Operational Risk Operational Resilience People Outsourcing and Third-party Financial Crime and Fraud IT, Data and Cyber Business Processes Trend:	 Definition Operational Risk is the loss or adverse impact due to failures with processes, people or systems – either within the Group or within suppliers third-parties. Current risk profile Our Operational Risk outlook is influenced by the external cyber environment and customer experience. The implementation of our new technology platform significantly improves our operational resilience and reduces risk across IT, data, cyber, financial crime and fraud. Over the past year we have focused on improving customer outcomes and the control environment within the new IT estate. 	 Our governance and risk framework provides an effective structure within which operational risks are identified, measured and managed. It ensures clear ownership of risks with effective reporting and escalation mechanisms, supporting management oversight and decision-making There is specific governance in place to oversee improvements to customer interactions We maintain specialist teams to provide business functions with expertise and support in operational resilience, people, IT, fraud, financial crime and cyber risk We have implemented additional governance and oversight around customer outcomes and target activity to further reduce associated risks 	

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	Risk	Mitigation
Change Risk People Systems Data Trend:	 Definition Change risk is the loss or adverse impact due to an inability to deliver change effectively or arising from uncertainty in the outcome or impact on current business operations. Current risk profile We expect levels of change risk in 2025 to remain unchanged following the successful migration of the business onto the new platform and decommissioning of our legacy data centre. However, the risks will continue to evolve as we embed our new systems. 	 As the transformation programme came to an end in 2024, practices have evolved into our change management processes There has been a significant upskilling of colleagues to utilise internal tools for managing and monitoring change
 Conduct and Regulatory Risk Legal and Political Compliance Regulatory Trend:	 Definition Conduct and Regulatory Risk is the risk of failing to deliver the appropriate treatment to, or meet the needs of, our customers throughout our customer interactions, product design and service delivery. Current risk profile The Group is averse to Conduct Risk, and this is reflected in our Risk Appetite statement and management decision-making. FCA GIPP has been embedded well within the business and we have successfully implemented changes to support our compliance with Consumer Duty regulations. The risk is assumed to increase as there is regulatory interest in Motor and Home practices across the market, these include total loss valuations and Premium Finance. In relation to Operational Resilience we are mapping and testing that we can remain within impact tolerances for each important business service by the regulatory deadline of March 2025. We expect to have interactions with the regulators on these themes during 2025. 	 Our purpose to fix insurance for good and associated culture ensures the interests of customers, and their fair treatment are paramount. This is supported by our compliance with the letter and spirit of the relevant laws and regulation We operate a strong governance framework, and the Conduct Risk and Customer Committee reviews all aspects of customer service The Board actively exercises oversight through the Risk Committee with regular upward reporting of the risk profile against the customer and conduct risk appetite and has approved our Consumer Duty annual report We continue to monitor legal and regulatory developments in the UK and Europe, including through our close relationship with the Financial Conduct Authority and Prudential Regulation Authority, Information Commissioner's Office and other bodies including the Association of British Insurers

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Our approach to climate risk

Definition and risks

Climate risk includes all risks stemming from trends or events caused by climate change. We consider this against the two drivers of risk:

- Transition risks Risks that arise from the transition to a low-carbon and climate resilient economy and
- Physical risks Risks that arise from the physical effects of climate change.

The Group seeks to minimise our exposure to transition risks although we see commercial opportunities for the Group to support the transition in our product offerings. We manage physical risks primarily through inclusion in underwriting risk. We use reinsurance in the short to medium-term to limit our exposures to physical risk. The Board manages our strategy to take account of the medium to long-term impacts of climate change and ensure we have propositions which support the transition whilst ensuring we are resilient to climate risks.

Risk focus

Climate risk is an important part of our climate strategy and remains an area of focus for the Group. Through our risk management framework, all business functions are engaged in assessing and reviewing the materiality of our exposure to climate change risks. Our holistic view of the relevant type of climate change risks the Group faces is supported by a combination of qualitative and quantitative risk updates, risk appetites and Key Risk Indicators, which are regularly reported to the different committees and forums across our governance structure. Our climate-related management information is used to influence our business decisions, policies, and plans.

The Chief Risk and Legal Officer has ownership over the day-to-day identification and management of financial risks arising from climate change. The Financial Risk Committee supports the Chief Risk and Legal Officer by providing oversight and challenge.

Our ongoing climate risks and opportunities are managed through the following key processes:

- Climate-related risk governance is integrated into our overall risk governance framework (see above) as a cross-cutting risk
- Climate risk assessment and modelling is performed as part of ORSA process at a Group level on at least an annual basis. Including:
- Climate risk scenarios and Prudential Regulation Authority climate risk stress tests are performed as part of our annual scenario and stress testing exercise
- A climate risk adjustment is included in the weather capital modelling
- Materiality assessment informed from the above assessment and modelling (see table below)
- As part of our continued enhancements to the process we have incorporated more defined short, medium and long-term assessments within our materiality assessment
- Climate risks are recorded and maintained via our risk management system
- Counterparty engagement with the repairer network on climate change initiatives on opportunities to aid the market towards net zero
- Workshops on climate risks and opportunities takes place annually with functions across the Group to inform the materiality assessment

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The table below provides information on how climate risk is embedded within the Group.

Area					
Governance	• Climate risk updates and training have been provided to the Board, with the materiality assessment presented on an annual basis.				
	 Established a Driving Good Working Group and also a specific electric vehicle working group. 				
	Climate risk Key Risk Indicators have been agreed by the Board through the ORSA process and are monitored.				
Risk Management	Frameworks and tolerances				
	Climate risk is part of risk management framework and recorded on our Risk Management System.				
	• Risk Appetite Statements for weather events are in place and monitored at the Financial Risk Committee. These support our overarching solvence and liquidity strategic risk objective.				
	Climate risk is managed as a cross-cutting risk.				
	 Emerging regulatory requirements are considered through our regulatory tracking process with relevant requirements reported to the Financial Risk Committee and then the Risk Committee. If deemed appropriate these are also considered within ORSA process. 				
	Modelling				
	Climate risk assessment and modelling performed as part of the ORSA process.				
	Climate risk scenarios reviewed as part of annual Scenario and Stress Testing exercise.				
	• A climate risk adjustment is included in the weather capital modelling, and there are judgements that have been made on the adjustments due to lack of data.				
	Counterparties' exposures				
	 The main counterparty engagement is with the repairer network with ongoing initiatives to use green parts; have carbon neutral body shops; and ensure 100% of esure's body shops have electric vehicle trained technicians. 				
	Established a procurement framework for weighting of ESG credentials in tender decisions.				
	Capital				
	 There is a specific Climate Risk section in the ORSA including the capital modelling assessment, which includes a climate risk adjustment for weather events. 				
	 We conduct an annual materiality assessment which has been enhanced this year to include a wider consideration of risks and opportunities and to show our potential impacts across three (short, medium and long-term) horizons. 				

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Our approach to climate risk continued

Area				
Scenario analysis	Embedding scenario testing			
	 Climate risk stress tests are performed (including annually reassessing the 2019 Prudential Regulation Authority stress test for trends) and reported to the Risk Committee. 			
	• Weather scenarios are reassessed on an annual basis and support the reinsurance decision-making process for Home reinsurance catastrophe cover.			
Data	Data gaps			
	• Quality of data remains a limitation in risk modelling and therefore judgments have been made in weather peril quantitative analysis.			
	• There is sharing of information that continues to be gathered by Home Pricing and Underwriting and risk to understand developments in the mark for modelling of weather-related risks, along with continued engagement with external firms.			
	• We engage with our investment manager to enhance the quality of data in relation to our investment portfolio and better understand changes to Key Risk Indicators values and data limitations within the Key Risk Indicators.			
	During the year we have incorporated an MSCI tool to assess and monitor carbon intensity of investments.			
Materiality assessment				

eriality assessment

Our materiality assessment provides a holistic view of the climate risks and opportunities that we face, encompassing the sustainability issues that impact us and also how our activities impact people and the environment. The assessment is on a residual basis and has involved Risk Management working with individuals from across the Group in Pricing, Underwriting, Claims, Facilities, Marketing, Legal, Procurement and Finance, to capture current and future views and activities in each of these areas.

consideration of climate risks and opportunities across underwriting risk, market risk, credit and counterparty risk, operational risk, reputational risk and strategic risk, and also by showing our potential impact across three (short, medium and long-term) horizons.

Risks are considered to be material where ignoring the risk could influence the decision making or the judgement of the Board and Management.

quantitative and qualitative assessments as appropriate historical data is limited for some themes.

Climate risk is not considered a material risk to the Group in the short-term which is defined as the next two to three years of our planning horizon, due to the reinsurance protections we have in place for extreme weather events; writing policies that can be repriced annually at renewal; and the composition of the investment portfolio.

continued

In the longer term the risk can become material, due to:

- Reinsurance capacity risk: The risk of reinsurance capacity reducing if there are more frequent and more severe extreme events impacting reinsurers. Discussions with brokers take place to understand the near-term implications of severe global climate driven events on the reinsurance market and the potential consequences to reinsurers' appetite to writing UK Motor and Home reinsurance.
- Strategic risk: The transition to a low-carbon economy can reduce demand for motor insurance products and services. Whilst there is the possibility of lower car usage in the next two to three years in the planning horizon, any material impact is expected to emerge in the longer term. The new platform and IT infrastructure is expected to allow the Group flexibility to adapt through refining and adding products and services.

In summary:

- Underwriting risk is susceptible to a lack of experience and data over new and changing products, regulation and initiatives (e.g., electric vehicles, solar panels, subsidence, gas boilers), creating a short-term mismatch between claims and premiums. Due to the short nature of esure's insurance contracts premium can be rapidly updated to reflect trends, minimising the time of increased exposure. As such this is only a timing issue and so is not deemed material.
- The Market risk assessment is based on the temperature increases assumed in the Climate Biennial Exploratory Scenarios (CBES), using Prudential Regulation Authority parameters from 2019 that are consistent with these. A weighted average of these scenarios (weighting based on Schroders' climate trajectory analysis) gives a 3.3°C increase. The 1 in 100 value at risk is assessed at less than £10m based on the most recent assessment.
- Credit/counterparty risk exposure is largely due to esure's reliance on reinsurance, and the risk of default due to increased weather claims. There are minimum credit rating and concentration requirements in place for the reinsurers we use.

- Operational/reputational/strategic risk relates to the various climate change products and initiatives available in the market, and those being implemented by esure and consumer behaviours towards these, including car usage or ownership, use of green parts, and tree planting. In the short-term, this risk is not expected to be material.
- A new anti-greenwashing rule that came into force on 31 May 2024, although our current exposure is considered low due to minimal advertising and no specific green customer proposition. Potential greenwashing is considered throughout our communication processes and mitigated with the appropriate tone and messaging. Our mandatory disclosures are reviewed by an external third-party.
- There are no material changes from updated scenarios performed during the year that would indicate an increased materiality.

Time horizon key:

Short-term	0 to 3 years
Medium-term	3 to 10 years
Long-term	>10 years

Materiality key:

(L) Low M

Medium

Does not fall into above categories

Scenarios consider losses >£10m as being plausible (the threshold is informed from our materiality matrix) during the next two to three years (within our business planning horizon), however not considered material to the Group continuing as a going concern

H

High

The risk could influence the decision making or the judgement of the Board and Management in relation to long-term strategy

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Risk Management

continued

Climate Risk Driver – Transition Risks

			Time Horizon		_
Climate Risk Category	Climate Risks and Opportunities	Short	Medium	Long	Mitigations/Key Actions
Policy and Legal Risks	Although electric vehicle uptake is expected to increase, a number of these are on lease policies, therefore limiting our market share of these customers and the availability of accurate data and risk profiles to inform our pricing. However, there is an opportunity for us to become market leaders on electric vehicle insurance and capitalise on early price learnings using increased data available to us. There is a potential risk that challenges with the electric vehicle repair supply chain, particularly the availability of some green parts could result in longer claims settling periods. New regulations on the installation of heat pumps could potentially increase home claims. The increased use of technology to control heating away from home has positive impacts to climate and also provides an opportunity to reduce escape of water claims.	M	M	M	We have an electric vehicle Working Group monitoring electric vehicle trends and risk profiles. Our Supplier and Claims teams are working with our repairer network to manage the supply chain and settlement timeframes. We continue to conduct horizon scanning and address any changing or evolving regulations and trends.
Legal/Litigation	There is a potential risk of financial penalties or reputational damage from lawsuits for insufficient adaptation, non-compliance to climate regulation or making false or misleading statements about the environmental benefits of a product or service (greenwashing). There is also a risk of inappropriate policy wording, risk selection and pricing in relation to new climate products, technologies or regulation. Legislation on tree removal may also potentially drive inflation on subsidence claims.	M	M	M	Currently esure has minimal advertising and no specific green customer proposition. Potential greenwashing is considered throughout our communication processes and mitigated with the appropriate tone and messaging. Our mandatory disclosures are reviewed by an external third-party. Current processes ensure relevant terms, conditions and exclusions applicable to new and existing climate products, technologies and regulation, are applied where appropriate.

STRATEGIC REPORT

Risk Management

continued

	Climate Risks and Opportunities	Time Horizon			_	
Climate Risk Category		Short	Medium	Long	- Mitigations/Key Actions	
Technology	Electric vehicles are known to be more expensive and take longer to repair, increasing claims costs. There is a potential risk esure may experience an increase in total loss claims resulting from more windscreen replacements (as the new thinner versions are harder to repair) or unavailability of green parts. In addition, an increase in write offs could result from a lack of electric vehicle repair capabilities or resource in the supply chain. There is an industry wide issue related to not having a safe method of disposal for lithium batteries. There is limited data on the exposure to solar panel losses.	M	M	M	 We have ongoing engagement and are actively working with our suppliers and repair network to ensure adequate parts and resources to manage our electric vehicles claims. We are also working with loss adjusters to ensure minimal waste to landfill. We continue to conduct horizon scanning and address any changing or evolving regulations and trends. The supply chain section on page 56 describes how we are engaging with our top twenty most carbon-intensive suppliers. 	
Market Sentiment	There is an opportunity to accelerate progress on our suppliers' decarbonisation initiatives. Various trends have been reported on consumer behaviour and attitudes towards climate risk products and technologies, including a potential move away from private vehicles to public transport or car sharing and electric vehicle uptake, mostly with younger and less experienced drivers. However, there is limited data on the timeframes and impact of these.	L	M	M	Existing processes continue to monitor the profile of drivers, their age and experience to identify and mange changes through our Pricing and Underwriting. Our investment portfolio strategic asset allocation is reviewed on an annual basis.	
	There is opportunity in the short-term to modify the investment portfolio to improve its carbon intensity and Implied Temperature Rise scores in the longer- term, the portfolio is heavily dependent on the decarbonisation pathway of sovereign states.					
Reputational	The risk of reputational damage for highly priced electric vehicle's insurance may be construed as indirectly restricting the growth of electric vehicle's car ownership.	L	L	L	We continue to consider and monitor our reputational impact across all our activities.	

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Risk Management

continued

Climate Risk Driver – Physical Risks

			Time Horizon		
Climate Risk Category	Climate Risks and Opportunities	Short	Medium	Long	Mitigations/Key Actions
Acute and Chronic	Climate change increases the frequency and concentration of extreme weather events and natural catastrophes, e.g. heat waves, landslides, floods, wildfires, storms and hail stones, resulting in property damage and higher insurance claims and increased reinsurance default risk for catastrophe events. They can also lead to business interruption and financial losses.	L	M	M	Premium can be updated rapidly to reflect trend minimising the time of increased exposure and we can reprice annually for renewals. We maintain regular communication with our suppliers and support initiatives such as Build Back Better programme to address the impacts of extreme weather events.
	Reinsurance capacity risk – the risk of reinsurance capacity reducing if there are more frequent and more severe extreme events impacting reinsurers.	L	M	H	We monitor with brokers the potential implications of severe global climate driven events on the reinsurance market and the potential impact on reinsurers' appetites for writing UK Motor and Home reinsurance.
					We do not consider it likely that climate change will render UK reinsurance unviable over the current planning horizon. Any material impact is expected to emerge over the longer term, which is monitored though regular discussions with Aon.
	Credit/Counterparty risk exposure is largely due to esure's reliance on reinsurance, and the risk of default due to increased weather-related claims.	L	M	H	Our risk appetite requires we place the majority of reinsurance with high credit quality (at least A- rating) when available and not place more than 50% of exposure with one reinsurer or group of reinsurers.
	Chronic climate events raise the potential risk of supply chain disruption. This is the inability of suppliers to deliver services or products resulting	L	M	M	Our Operational Resilience work identifies our Important Business Services and material suppliers which are monitored on an ongoing basis.
	in operational failures or reputational damage.				There is an opportunity for further work to be undertaken to better understand the impact of chronic climate events on our full supply chain.

continued

Weather modelling

Climate risk adjustments for weather have been incorporated into uncertainty modelling, both in pricing and capital modelling used for risk quantification. There is limited reliable data for some perils and therefore judgements have been made. We engage with external firms to ensure we are informed as climate modelling evolves.

New models have been implemented for weather perils. An alternative freeze model is also being developed and the incorporation of subsidence risk is also in progress. We are working with an external firm to assist in the development, including consideration of incorporating other secondary perils.

Stress testing and scenario analysis

The Group is considered resilient to climate risk and we have concluded that it is not material to the Group in the short to medium-term. In forming this view we have considered a range of stress scenarios reviewed by the Risk Committee as part of the ORSA process, including:

- multiple weather events occurring over an 18-month period, these are less extreme but more frequent events that are not protected by reinsurance due to being lower than the retention level, sourced from historic events where available
- extreme windstorms where the Group is materially protected by reinsurance, however this tests the upper limits in place, and
- impacts to the investment portfolio from defined regulatory stress tests based on three scenarios where the temperature increase is kept below 2°C and in excess of 4°C relative to pre-industrial levels. This considers the look-through of the industries within the investment portfolio, the impact is limited due to the high concentration of corporate bonds and our approach to investment through our Responsible Investment policy.

Three scenarios have been considered as they cover early, late and no additional policy action, The three scenarios (sourced from the Bank of England's 2021 Climate Biennial Exploratory Scenarios) are:

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- (i) a sudden transition led by global action and policies, therefore severely limiting the effects of climate change and keeping well below 2°C;
- (ii) a long-term but orderly transition, while there is global action it takes time to embed staying at or below 2°C, leading to some but limited climate change, and
- (iii) there are failed attempts at a global climate policy, and therefore temperatures exceed 4°C and so has significant climate outcomes

The multiple weather event scenario provides the most material impact. Five different weather events are assumed to occur across the planning period of 2024 to 2026, focusing on an increase in the frequency of occurrence, with the overall severities assumed to be generally lower than the retention level in the Catastrophe Excess of Loss reinsurance contracts.

continued

The five events considered are:

Event	Description
Subsidence Similar to a recent event year, with more extreme/prolonged impact.	
Winter Freeze	Replicates the UK Winter Freeze event across 2010/11 split across three event periods.
Series of 50 Windstorms	UK hit by a series of 50 windstorms in four main waves (clusters), rolling in off the Atlantic Ocean due to climate change/shift in weather patterns. The windstorms tend to last one to five days and impact a band across the country running from North London to Yorkshire, capturing the vast proportion of the Midlands, Wales and Northern England. The windstorms are attritional in nature, i.e. fall below the reinsurance retention level.
Summer Flooding	Similar dynamics to the 2007 summer floods – heavy flooding causing ground saturation and rivers to burst banks.
Boscastle Type Event	A very specific flash flood event impacting a single town/village within a valley, which has not had a history of flooding. The flood is assumed to be the result of a combination of exceptional (localised) factors.

The impact of this extreme more than 1 in 100 year event scenario is a c.20% pts reduction in solvency at the end of 2025. Whilst an extreme scenario puts pressure on our solvency position, this is to be expected, and the scenario provides no indication that our reinsurance programme is insufficient to appropriately manage risk from multiple weather events (due to climate change or otherwise). Note also that the impact is prior to any contingent management actions being taken to improve solvency during the period. The business strategy is resilient to this scenario due to the contingent management actions available to the Group, these actions are considered as part of the ORSA process by the Board as part of setting the Group's normal solvency operating range.



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Climate risk monitoring

The Financial Risk Committee (composed of Executive and senior management) and the Risk Committee review our climate-related metrics to track our performance trends and provide analysis on the key drivers of current and future performance. The metrics reviewed are shown below.

Climate Risk Key Risk Indicator		Description	Trend since 2020	
Carbon Emissions (metric tonnes)	Scope 1	Direct emissions from owned and controlled sources		
(Reputational Transition Risks)	Scope 2	Scope 2: Indirect emissions from the generation of purchased electricity, steam, heating and cooling consumed		
Investments (Market Transition Risks)	Climate VaR (%)	A mix of historic published scenarios from the regulator is used to calculate the climate Value at Risk ('VaR') percentage impact on our investment portfolio at the 1 in 100 level (or 1% chance) using long-term temperature estimations	\checkmark	
	Monetary risk (£m)	As above but quantifying the £ amount impact		
	Carbon footprint of investments portfolio (metric tonnes)	A weighted average measure of company greenhouse gas emissions per \$million of investment. Methodology is aligned to 'carbon footprint' as defined by Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosure and the EU's Sustainable Finance Disclosures Regulation	J	
	Portfolio carbon intensity (tCO ₂ /\$m)	A weighted average of company emissions per \$million of sales. Methodology is aligned to 'weighted average carbon intensity' as defined by Task Force on Climate- related Financial Disclosure and 'GHG intensity' under the EU's Sustainable Finance Disclosures Regulation	J	
Underwriting/Pricing (Underwriting Physical Risks)	1 in 200 catastrophe loss (£m)	Modelled 1 in 200 (0.5% probability in any one year) impact of catastrophe weather conditions		
	AAL (£m)	Average annual loss for catastrophe weather events		

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There are elements of judgement in estimating the Climate VaR and 1-in-200 catastrophe loss due to limited data available on climate risk impacts on the future valuation of the investment portfolio and impact on claims from weather perils.

Our targets align to those set out within the Association of British Insurers's Climate Change Roadmap: net zero across Scope 1 and 2 emissions by 2025; reducing Scope 3 emissions by 50% by 2030 (from a baseline year of 2020) and reaching net zero across Scope 1, 2 and 3 emissions by 2050. In 2024 we developed a Transition Plan, setting out our plans to reduce emissions and deliver a net zero business by 2050.Our overarching sustainability risk appetite is to remain net zero across Scope 1 and 2 emissions. We have seen a downward trend in our investment exposure to climate risk in line with changes to our assets under management, including action to divest from some high emission funds.

We have seen a reduction in our underwriting risk exposure since 2020 in part due to de-risking the Home portfolio, however some of this is due to refinements in our modelling. There is a risk this metric will increase due to growth plans, the macroeconomic environment including inflation environment, and the potential for more frequent extreme weather events occurring.

It remains too early to consider long-term trends, however as more data points become available, we will be able to assess how our risk exposure is changing over time.

Non-Financial and Sustainability Information Statement

Climate-related Financial Disclosures Regulations

The Group has reported against the climate-related disclosures ('CFD') contained in the Companies (Strategic Report) (Climate Related Financial Disclosure) Regulations 2022. As a large Public Interest Entity esure Group plc is in scope for reporting against these regulations. There are eight regulations under these reporting requirements, and we have set out our reporting under the regulations below. We also show progress against the Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosure ('TCFD') requirements. During 2024 we reviewed our climate change risks and climate-related targets and developed a transition plan, however there is more analysis to be undertaken in 2025 as we look to analyse further our opportunities and risks in more detail over various time periods.

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тс	CFD recommendation	CFD requirement	Progress				
G	Governance: Disclose the organisation's governance around climate-related risks and opportunities.						
A	Describe the board's oversight of climate-related risks and opportunities Partial alignment	A description of the organisation's governance arrangements in relation to assessing and managing	The Board's oversight of climate-related opportunities is considered as one of the four pillars of our Strategic Framework (A more Sustainable and Safer World). The Board reviews the ORSA annually which documents progress on climate risk scenarios. The Risk Committee monitors climate change metrics displayed on page 47				
В	Describe management's role	 climate-related risks and opportunities 	as part of the ORSA process. The ESG policy is approved annually and this documents the management responsibilities for climate change.				
	in assessing and managing climate-related risks and opportunities Aligned		Management is informed on climate-related issues through the risk management processes in place where climate risk is considered a cross-cutting risk; and through the ORSA process where there is a specific climate risk section within ORSA reporting.				
			Further information can be found in				
			 ESG report – Governance section: pages 63 and 64 				
			 Strategic Framework: A more Sustainable and Safer World: page 20 and 21 				
			These risks and opportunities need to be embedded further within the Company's financial planning process and forecasting and this will be a focus for 2025.				

Strategy: Disclose the actual and potential impacts of climate-related risks and opportunities on the organisation's businesses, strategy, and financial planning where such information is material.

A	Describe the climate-related risks and opportunities the organisation has identified over the short, medium, and long-term Partial alignment	D	Describe the (i) The principal climate-related risks and opportunities arising in connection with the company's operations and; (ii) The time periods by reference with which those risks and opportunities are assessed	We continue to conclude that climate risk remains a material long-term risk but we do not consider it likely to be material in the two to three year planning horizon due to reinsurance protections. We have identified various risks and opportunities as part of the risk management and ORSA processes, however we recognise that there may be more opportunities that will be considered in 2025. We currently consider materiality on a high, medium, low basis with judgements made on financial impacts where the quality of data is limited. As more data becomes available, we will continue to incorporate in our materiality assessments.
				Refer to the 'Our approach to climate risk' section in the Risk Management report on pages 38 to 50 for more information.
В	Describe the impact of climate- related risks and opportunities on the organisation's businesses, strategy, and financial planning Partial alignment	E	Description of actual and potential impacts of the principal climate-related risks and opportunities on the company's business model and strategy	Climate risk remains an area of focus for the Group and all business functions are engaged in assessing our materiality of exposures to climate change risks and opportunities. During 2024 we reviewed various climate-related risks and opportunities. These risks and opportunities need to be embedded further within the Company's financial planning process and forecasting and this will be a focus for 2025. Refer to the 'Our approach to climate risk' section in the Risk Management report on pages 38 to 50.
С	Describe the resilience of the organisation's strategy, taking into consideration different climate-related scenarios, including a 2°C or lower scenario Partial alignment	F	Analysis of the resilience of the company's business model and strategy, taking into account different climate-related scenarios	We use weather modelling, stress testing and scenario analysis and climate risk Key Risk Indicators to assess how our risk exposure is changing over time. This includes scenarios where the temperature increase is kept below 2°C and in excess of 4°C relative to pre-industrial levels. This enables us to understand the potential impact and resilience of our strategy and incorporate this into our planning processes. The Group is considered resilient to climate risk and we have concluded that it is not material to the Group in the short to medium term. In forming this view we have considered a range of stress scenarios reviewed by the Risk Committee as part of the ORSA process.
				Refer to the 'Our approach to climate risk' section in the Risk Management report on pages 38 to 50.

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TCFD recommendation	CFD requirement	Progress					
Risk Management: Disclose how the organisation identifies, assesses, and manages climate-related risks							
A Describe the organisation's processes for identifying and assessing climate-	B Description of how the company identifies, assesses and manages	Climate risk cuts across all our four key risk themes and we use our existing Risk Management framework to identify and assess climate-related risks within the business units.					
related risks Aligned B Describe the organisation's processes	climate-related risks and opportunities	Full TCFD guidance terminology is not currently incorporated into our frameworks, this will be considered in 2025.					
for managing climate-related risks Partial alignment		Further information can be found in the 'Our approach to climate risk' section in the Risk Management report pages 38 to 50.					
C Describe how processes for identifying, assessing, and managing climate-related risks are integrated	C Description of the processes for identifying, assessing and managing climate-related risks are integrated	Our embedded Risk Management framework including our risk culture, policy framework, and Own Risk and Solvency Assessment process integrate climate-related risk. This means each of the business functions are engaged in assessing and reviewing climate risks.					
into the organisation's overall risk management Aligned	into the company's overall risk management processes.	Refer to 'Our approach to climate risk' section in the Risk Management report on pages 38 to 50.					
Metrics and Targets: Disclose the metr	rics and targets used to assess and manage	relevant climate-related risks and opportunities where such information is material.					
A Disclose the metrics used by the organisation to assess climate-related risks and opportunities in line with its	 H Description of the key performance indicators used to assess progress against the targets used to manage 	Our targets are aligned to the Association of British Insurer's Climate Change Roadmap: net zero across Scope 1 and 2 emissions by 2025; reducing Scope 3 emissions by 50% by 2030 and reaching net zero across Scope 1, 2 and 3 by 2050.					
strategy and risk management process Partial alignment	climate-related opportunities and	During 2024 the Group developed a transition plan setting out our plans to reduce emissions and deliver a net zero business by 2050.					
B Disclose Scope 1, Scope 2, and, if appropriate, Scope 3 GHG emissions,		We directly engaged with our top twenty most carbon-intensive suppliers to better understand their carbon emissions across Scope 1, 2 and 3.					
and the related risks Partial alignment		Climate risk Key Risk Indicators are included on page 47.					
		See Risk Management report under 'Our approach to climate risk' on pages 38 to 50 for more information.					
C Describe the targets used by the organisation to manage climate-related risks and opportunities and performance	risks and to realise climate-related	We use a variety of climate risk Key Risk Indicators to track our performance and assess how our risk exposure is changing over time. These metrics are reported to the Financial Risk Committee (composed of Executive and senior management) and the Risk Committee.					
against targets Partial alignment	opportunities and performance against those targets.	See 'Our approach to climate risk' section on pages 38 to 50 for a description of Key Risk Indicators.					

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The following table highlights information relating to environmental, employee, social, respect for human rights, anti-corruption and anti-bribery matters and provides a reference for where additional information can be found in the Annual Report that supports the requirements of sections 414CA and 414CB of the Companies Act 2006.

Business model	We aim to fix insurance for good and be the UK's leading digital insurer.
	A description of the Business Model is on page 10 and the Investment Case on page 22.
Environmental	Our approach to climate risk is provided on pages 38 to 50 and our actions taken to reduce our environmental impact are provided on pages 52 to 59 Our role and ambition with respect to the environment, local communities and employees is described in our ESG policy that is reviewed and approved annually by the Board.
	The principal risks relating to climate risk can be found on pages 41 to 44.
Employees	We are committed to making esure an attractive place to work. How we aim to do this and engage our people is described in our ESG report under "engaging our people" on page 60. We have various policies in place which help us execute on our ambition for our employees including our Equity, Inclusion and Diversity policy, Health and Safety policy, Code of Conduct and Whistleblowing policy.
	Our key risks are the ability to recruit and retain a talented and diverse workforce with digital skills.
Human rights	We are committed to respecting all human rights and seek to ensure that we treat all colleagues, customers and suppliers fairly, avoid discrimination and respect individuals' privacy. We have implemented a Modern Slavery policy within our supply chain and operations.
	For further information see page 97.
Anti-bribery and anti-corruption	The Group maintains high ethical standards in carrying out its business activities and we have a zero tolerance approach to acts of bribery and corruption.
	The Group's Code of Conduct and Financial Crime policy help all employees to understand and meet the high standards of personal and professional integrity required of them. Any activity that might potentially be interpreted as the Group or its employees offering and giving or requesting and accepting a bribe is strictly prohibited.
	Further information can be found on page 97.
	Our key risks are failure to prevent and detect financial crime.
Social matters	We have an ESG policy that outlines our approach to nurturing partnerships that deliver social impact within the communities we are proud to serve. We have a "Driving for Good" management committee which oversees our ESG strategy. Further information can be found in our ESG report on pages 60 to 62.



Whilst eradicating pain points and enhancing customer experience are core to all we do, we will only truly succeed in our mission to fix insurance for good if we are also a force for good for our colleagues, the communities we are proud to serve and for the environment.

Environment

Working to reduce our environmental impact, focusing on:

- Climate
- Nature and biodiversity

Colleagues

Creating an exceptional culture where colleagues can develop and thrive, focusing on:

- Equity, inclusion and diversity
- Supporting colleagues in and out of work
- Recognition and reward

All underpinned by a strong foundation of governance rigour

Communities

Develop partnerships that further social causes we're passionate about, focusing on:

- Safer roads
- Tackling homelessness
- Inspiring female talent

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Environment

We are committed to playing our part in helping the UK become a sustainable, low-carbon economy. We believe that unmitigated climate change is a key risk for the insurance industry, as well as a systemic threat to society. We continue to see examples of extreme weather, providing further evidence of the climate emergency we face. We are focused on:

- Continuing to improve the data quality around our emissions
- Identifying insights to inform key opportunities to drive decarbonisation
- Taking action to drive decarbonisation across all areas of our business

Key progress to drive decarbonisation:			
	2024	2023	2022
Emissions tCO ₂ e			
Scope 1	317	532	502
Scope 2			
Market-based	2	2	3
Location-based	531	673	688
Total market-based emissions tCO ₂ e	319	534	505
Scope 3			
Fuel/energy-related activities	53	67	65
Business travel	425	504	111
Employee commuting	224	401	410
Purchased goods and services (PG&S)	12,926	16,488	17,202
Financed emissions: data coverage	87%	79%	_
Financed emissions: of assets within data coverage	85,847	79,001	_
Intensity ratios (market-based)			
Turnover	£1,111m	£973m	£836m
Market-based emissions (tCO ₂ e)/£m turnover	0.29	0.55	0.60
Energy consumption kWh			
Electricity (Scope 2)	2,566,243	3,248,059	3,558,660
Natural Gas (Scope 1)	1,412,569	1,793,206	1,740,151
Transport and other (Scope 1)	102,262	132,545	107,333
Total	4,081,074	5,173,810	5,406,144

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Of our total Scope 1 emissions:

- 258.3 tCO₂e relate to Natural Gas (2023: 328.6)
- 34.4 tCO₂e to Refrigerant (2023: 172.3 tCO₂e)
- 23.3 tCO₂e to Direct Mileage (2023: 28.5 tCO₂e)
- 2 tCO₂e to Gas Oil (2023: 4.1 tCO₂e)

Location-based emissions reflect the average emissions intensity of grids on which energy consumption occurs.

Market-based emissions reflect the emissions from electricity that we have purposefully chosen. Having purposefully chosen to switch to renewable electricity in 2021, we have chosen to focus on market-based emissions, aggregating them with Scope 1 emissions to inform our level of carbon offsets investment. The carbon offsets we have invested in equate to 110% of our market-based Scope 1 and 2 emissions. مريم معاياه

Carbon emissions quantification methodology:

Carbon emissions quantification methodology:

The emissions footprint is calculated in accordance with the Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Protocol and Environmental Reporting Guidelines: Including streamlined energy and carbon reporting guidance. Activity data has been converted into carbon emissions using published Department for Energy and Net Zero emissions conversion factors. The data used has been provided by the Group.

Emissions sources:

The emissions footprint includes the Scope 1 combustion of fuel, fugitive and process emissions and Scope 2 electricity emissions associated with the activities for which the Group are responsible across our Reigate, Glasgow and Manchester offices.

Emissions data quality:

The quality of the data used for the emissions footprint calculations has been rated as 'good', 'average', 'poor' based on benchmarks. Around 99.7% of emissions in the footprint were based on 'good' quality data meaning actual primary data as opposed to estimates. This is a weighted percentage according to contribution by the emissions source.

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Operational

Scope 1 and 2 GHG emissions equate to 0.3% of our overall carbon footprint.

- Scope 1 emissions have decreased 40.4% year on year, driven by continued support for hybrid working. Scope 1 emissions are down 28% versus 2020.
- Scope 2 emissions remain near-nil, due to our use of 100% renewable electricity. This is down 99.8% since 2020.

- We believe we are near our natural floor for remaining residual emissions, in terms of ability to drive further decarbonisation in areas that are within our direct control
- Having reviewed the occupation and ways our colleagues used the Manchester office, we took the decision to close and mothball the underused office building and move to a smaller serviced office space nearby, which also uses 100% renewable energy
- We partnered with a company that allowed us to donate the surplus furniture, equipment and materials generated in Manchester because of the office closure. This allowed us to support many charities across the country, generating positive social impact and a carbon saving

Whilst driving carbon emissions reductions remains our priority, we choose to invest offset initiatives equating to 110% of our prior year's Scope 1 and 2 emissions. 2024 is our third year of doing so and our 2024 investment supported:

- Water filters in Kenya, delivering positive carbon and nature impacts through reduced need to burn wood to boil water
- Solar power in India, replacing use of kerosene and electricity from a grid reliant on fossil fuels
- Wind power in Turkey, supplying renewable power from wind directly into the grid, reducing reliance on natural gas and oil imports for its energy supply
- Stove cookers in Bangladesh, helping families move away from cooking over open fires, reducing costs and cutting emissions

We will continue to offset 110% of our Scope 1 and 2 emissions on an ongoing basis.

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Supply chain:

In Q1 and Q4 of 2024 we directly engaged our top twenty most carbon-intensive suppliers to better understand:

- Their carbon emissions across Scope 1, 2 and 3 emissions
- Where emissions quantification was incomplete across all Scopes, suppliers' intended timeline to complete emissions footprinting
- Suppliers' net zero targets
- Which suppliers are using renewable energy
- Which suppliers have signed-up to Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi)
- Key decarbonisation initiatives and examples of best practice

This is our third year of directly engaging key suppliers. The work delivers three key benefits:

- Enhancing data quality, with direct engagement reducing our reliance on proxy data, improving accuracy of our footprinting and our future decarbonisation trajectory
- Encouraging our suppliers to continually improve their focus on emissions reporting, broadening their assessment of their own footprint and improving the accuracy of their data
- Empowering our Supplier Relationship Managers to have a better dialogue with suppliers on decarbonisation initiatives, encouraging and supporting opportunities to accelerate progress

Our supply chain footprint decreased from $16.5 \text{ ktCO}_2 \text{ e}$ to $12.9 \text{ ktCO}_2 \text{ e}$, driven by a decrease in total supplier spend. The total intensity per £ spent with our supply chain has marginally increased. However, direct engagement with our most carbon intensive suppliers suggests that this is down to suppliers increasing the quality and scope of their emissions calculations. For example, we have observed suppliers broadening the factors included within their Scope 3 emissions, which naturally increases the sum total of emissions calculated, as opposed to any increases being driven by a marked shift in the intensity of the nature of the work suppliers undertake on our behalf.

In 2024, we have increased the weightings for the ESG factors assessed within our tender process, used within all supplier onboarding decisions. 10% of the total weighting is based on Environmental and Social factors. For work that is more carbon intensive, we have increased this to a 20% ESG weighting.

Our approach: We use primary data from key 20 carbon intensive suppliers (representing 35% of total PG&S and "read across" primary carbon intensity data to other suppliers providing similar services (representing 15% of PG&S). Spend-based emission factors (using Department for Energy Security and Net Zero (DESNZ) and Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Environmentally-Extended Input-Output factors) are applied to spend for all other suppliers for 2024.



More sustainable repairs:

Given the carbon intensive nature of motor repair work, our new dedicated esure repair centre was built with sustainability in mind:

- State of the art bodyshop, fully equipped with the latest repair technology
- Solar PV panels, heat source pump, thermally efficient building, latest repair tools to reduce carbon emissions, using energy efficient technologies and materials
- State of the art electric vehicle repair bay with thermal heat camera technology, electric vehicle safety equipment and specially trained technicians

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continued

We note that this area of carbon accounting is still relatively immature and evolving, and therefore presents challenges. Many suppliers lack dedicated expertise to provide accurate footprint estimates across all Scopes and employ inconsistent approaches to the methodology and rigour within their assessments. As such, whilst we have sought to estimate our supply chain footprint and have been pleased to see many suppliers improve the rigour they apply in their calculations, we will continue to work to improve data quality and accuracy, and assess evolving guidance in this space.

Motor supplier highlights

- 100% of esure branded bodyshops and over 93% of our total repair network are carbon neutral
- 2,748 recycled parts used in 2024 saving 102 tonnes of CO_2e . We have been focussed on repair over replace with an average ratio of 3.9:1
- We planted 910 trees in 2024- one for every customer who chose to forgo a courtesy car during their repair (923 in 2023), against a backdrop of reducing repairs volumes
- To support the sustainability of our supply chain, we continue to sponsor Autoraise, a charity set up to help the UK vehicle repair industry attract young people into a range of technical apprenticeships

Home supplier highlights

- Carpet and flooring: assessing damage virtually has saved 507 customer visits and avoided over 40,000 driven miles from January to September 2024
- Contents recycling: we were able to repair rather than replace within 7% of furniture and flooring claims, and 7% of electrical claims, from January September 2024.

Investments:

Throughout 2024, we have been using external data sources to give us higher quality data on the emissions relating to our investment portfolio.

As of the fourth quarter 2024, 87% of our portfolio was covered by this data. This has enabled us to enhance our portfolio monitoring, covering assessments of both current carbon emissions attributed to the portfolio and expected future development of the issuers of the bonds we are invested in, and includes:

- Providing data on sovereign and supranational debt, and corporate bonds, covering carbon intensity (tCO₂e per £m of assets under management) and the associated implied temperature increase across different assets
- Embedding reporting to consider both the reported carbon emissions of issuers and the transition plans issuers have in place to support limits on global temperature increases
- Considering how best to estimate carbon emissions for assets not covered by standard assessments

Our financed emissions measurement and monitoring follows the Greenhouse Gas Protocol (GHGP) framework and the Partnership for Carbon Accounting Financials (PCAF) standard, and for our investment portfolio this covers Scope 1 and 2 emissions relating to bonds covered by the assessment.

As these frameworks, methodologies and standards continue to evolve, the way certain asset classes are measured continues to improve, as does the comparability of different portfolios. However, the availability and reliability of appropriate data to assess portfolios are imperfect. While this has improved over 2024, there are still gaps to be addressed over time, such as carbon emissions attributed to supranational debt.

We have agreed to target a 50% reduction in the carbon intensity of the corporate bond portfolio by 2030 relative to a base year of 2020, and are working with our asset manager to deliver this. We believe that working to an intensity metric is beneficial in terms of providing a meaningful way to track progress irrespective of movements in total assets under management.

			2024		2023			
Asset Class	Coverage	ktCO ₂ e	tCO ₂ e/£m Invested	PCAF Weighted Data Score	Coverage	ktCO ₂ e	tCO ₂ e/£m Invested	PCAF Weighted Data Score
Corporate Bonds	94%	10.4	17	2.4	96%	15.3	27	3.1
Sovereign and Supranational Debt	94%	75.5	140	3.8	72%	63.7	165	2.0
Total	87%	85.8	76	3.0	79%	79.0	84	2.6

continued

We will continue to monitor data on sovereign and supranational debt issuers with the option to steer the portfolio away from entities and nations that are not on a favourable trajectory of decarbonisation.

As seen over 2024, the measurement and accuracy of financed emissions has continued to evolve and improve, with coverage levels increasing over time and including further asset types, and we expect this to continue. This will present an opportunity to better understand our footprint and to further develop our strategy in relation to financed emissions.

2024 has seen an improvement in the coverage of our assets assessed by market data, from 79% to 87%, specifically for sovereign and supranational debt. This has led to an increase in the absolute level of assessed emissions from the portfolio. However, emission intensities per £m of assessed assets under management have fallen, driven by reductions relating to the energy and utility sector, and sovereign and supranational debt. The corporate bond portfolio carbon emission intensity is improving relative to our 2020 baseline of 30 tCO₂e per £m of covered assets. Over the period, the data quality score for sovereign emissions has been aligned to the latest published methodology, having previously been based on the draft consultation.

Our investment strategy's primary objective is the protection of funds that back policyholders' claims, which in turn drives us to invest in highly liquid and highly rated investments, with UK government debt being a key element in achieving this. As a consequence, and under current measurement practices, we have a high dependency on relatively carbon intensive assets, with sovereign debt contributing to approximately 88% of our assessed investment portfolio carbon emissions. Therefore, our ability to influence and decarbonise is intrinsically linked to government policy and the decarbonisation of the UK as a whole, and hence we advocate for strong, consistent climate policy, regulation and action.

In the long-term, we are committed to aligning our primary investment objective of protecting policyholder funds with net zero carbon targets, however we recognise there will be challenges with short-term transition and we do not intend to materially change our asset mix.

We believe the right activity is to support a real reduction in carbon emissions across the planet using influence, rather than a short-term strategy to adjust our portfolio asset mix away from current carbon intensive assets.

Having access to data to understand these dynamics and having now agreed a short-term carbon intensity target for our corporate bond portfolio, 2025 will see us monitor progress towards this target. We will also work to identify additional decarbonisation opportunities within investment risk appetite. We will also refine future transition plans given the constraints and conflicts in this area, considering our asset allocation mix, individual issuer allocations, and publicly stated decarbonisation targets from leading issuers, agencies and states. We will also consider how best to use our voice to encourage and influence issuers to commit to their targets, via our investment managers and industry bodies.

Underwritten emissions:

We acknowledge the Partnership for Carbon Accounting Financials' guidance on emissions associated with our underwriting portfolio. We have calculated the emissions associated with our Motor customers' driving activity and used an attribution figure to quantify the proportion of emissions which we take accountability for within our Scope 3 footprint.

From our analysis, including data from the Department for Transport and the Office for National Statistics, it is clear that the forecast pace of average carbon intensity reductions across UK vehicles is not sufficient to drive a marked decrease in total Underwritten emissions across the insurance sector. Further to this, as a business forecasting growth in the size of our Motor customer base, our ability to directly reduce Underwritten emissions is limited. Our progress on this front is highly dependent on strong, consistent climate policy from UK government, to encourage widespread consumer behaviour change.

STRATEGIC REPORT

Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG)

Our partners play an important role in how we combat climate change and support nature and biodiversity.

Through their experience and expertise they are able to effect change to a greater extent than we could alone. We support these partners' work with funding and colleague volunteering.

Our environmental partnerships



We are proud to partner with GreenTheUK, supporting nature, biodiversity and carbon sequestration projects. Through our partnership, we planted 30,000m² of wildflowers to support pollinators, and funded five sea kelp restoration survey sites.



The Conservation Volunteers (TCV) support our tree planting proposition whereby we plant a tree for every customer who chooses to forgo taking a courtesy car during their repair. Within this year's planting season, 910 trees were planted by TCV on our behalf. TCV also provide us with colleague volunteering opportunities aimed at restoring natural habitats to support biodiversity. 59

continued

Social

As part of our core purpose to **fix insurance for good**, we want to have a positive social impact. We focus on how we are creating a culture in which our colleagues can thrive and partnerships that deliver social impact in the communities we're proud to serve.

Our colleagues

As of 31 December 2024, we employed 1,087 people (2023: 1,222).

Engaging our people

The last few years have seen both tremendous delivery and significant change across the business, culminating in the successful completion of our transformation programme in the first quarter of 2024. To support the transition to a post-transformation state, we maintained our continual listening approach via quarterly colleague engagement surveys, achieving an aggregated participation rate of 93%.

With engagement action plans in place across all business areas, we delivered quarter-on-quarter growth throughout 2024, ending the year with an overall engagement score of 7.5 (2023: 6.7) and an employee net promoter score of 25, which is above the industry benchmark. Ongoing optimisation of our industryleading digital platform and ways of working led to us being benchmarked in the top 10% of the financial services sector for our working environment and peer relationships, with a further six engagement drivers ranked in the top 25%, including management support, recognition, and inclusion – all staples of our culture.

Alongside this, we enhanced our communication channels to celebrate colleagues' ongoing efforts to fix insurance for good and fuel long-term business growth. This included the refresh of our company-wide live broadcasts (Game Changer TV), quarterly business review team conversations (Game Changers in Action), and strategy roadshows (The Game Changer on Tour). We are committed to making esure a brilliant place to work and are delighted to have received external recognition for the culture we've created, being named in the FT UK's Best Employers 2025 list.

FT FINANCIAL TIMES	BEST EMPLOYERS
statista 🖍	UK 2025

Equity, inclusion and diversity

Creating an inclusive workplace is paramount to better reflect the breadth of customers we serve, attract and retain the best talent, and improve decision-making.

Our equity, diversity and inclusion policy is advocated at all levels of the business, and includes commitments to:

- Ensure inclusion and diversity are part of everything we do from how we treat our customers, to how we work together every day
- Work towards our long-term ambition of an equal gender split at each level in the business
- Create an environment that nurtures individual differences and ensures the contributions of all our people are recognised and valued

As of 31 December 2024, we had the following diversity split:

55%

45%

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of our colleagues were male (2023: 55%).

of our colleagues were female (2023: 45%).

30% of our senior leaders

were female (2023: 30%).

continued

We know there's more to do to build a truly inclusive and diverse workforce, but we also recognise this will take time.

We are proud of the progress we made last year through:

- Strong partnerships: We advertised our vacancies with Diversity Jobs Group and launched a mentoring programme with Circl to drive inclusive leadership through working with under-represented 18 to 24 year-olds
- **Policy change:** We continued to action the Association of British Insurer's Making Flexible Work Charter and introduced paid carers' leave to help colleagues balance their responsibilities at home and work (the burden of care falls disproportionately on women in the UK)
- Educating and empowering our people: All colleagues completed refreshed equity, diversity and inclusion learning in 2024 and were invited to join expert training sessions on neurodiversity and conscious inclusion. We also launched seven colleague-led equity, diversity and inclusion communities to broaden our focus, connect our diverse people, and fuel peer-to-peer learning
- Nurturing our talent: We continue to provide a range of development opportunities for all colleagues, including a new data apprenticeship, dedicated learning days for our Agile squads, career spotlight sessions with our Women in Data[®] network, and an internal mentoring programme. We believe this will strengthen our female talent pipeline in more senior and technical roles over time

We are confident these improvements are taking us in the right direction. In our recent all-colleague equity, diversity and inclusion survey, we achieved a high score of 8.7 (previous score: 8.5), placing esure in the top quartile of the financial services sector. We will continue to invest in our people to drive positive change and listen to their feedback to shape and deliver our equity, diversity and inclusion agenda.

Ways of working

Becoming a truly digital business requires exceptional ways of working to innovate at pace and drive continuous improvements for our customers.

As well as strengthening our digital capability through advanced technical skills (e.g., AI, data, and product) and targeted development programmes, we are focused on embedding an agile mindset in every part of the business. To achieve this, we:

- Launched quarterly business reviews to improve the strategic planning process
- Delivered 'digital on the inside' workshops to all leadership teams
- Rolled out a new approach to create, measure, and improve our business processes and customer journeys (esure Thinking)
- Introduced cross-functional 'fix forums', enabling our Agile squads and frontline colleagues to collaborate on customer journey improvements
- Optimised our digital environment by streamlining collaboration tools, standardising workflows, and upskilling colleagues

We also further invested in our physical working environment, moving to a modern office in the heart of Manchester. This better reflects the leading digital insurer we are today, encourages colleague collaboration, and supports our ESG ambitions through reduced energy consumption.

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Reward and recognition

We continue to build a market-leading colleague proposition to attract and retain the best talent, including:

- Paying salaries in line with the real Living Wage and reviewing remuneration for our customer-facing colleagues to reflect the increasingly digital nature of their roles
- Providing discretionary 'thank you' and festive bonuses, as well as a special bonus to celebrate a record-breaking year in 2024
- Doubling the colleague discount available on our insurance products to 50%
- Inviting 450 colleagues and partners to a special award ceremony to mark the completion of our transformation programme
- Promoting flexible benefits, including expert advice on financial wellbeing

continued

Communities



2024 was our first full year as a corporate charity partner of Shelter. As Home insurance providers, we understand the importance of having a safe, secure home and are proud to help Shelter's work supporting people and families facing or experiencing homelessness. During our first year we developed a wide variety of initiatives to raise vital funds for Shelter, engaging our colleagues, customers and suppliers.

- Colleagues
- From bake sales to football tournaments, donating pre-loved clothing to donning their trainers to run
 marathons, our colleagues have found lots of ways to raise funds.
- Customers
- We've engaged our customers with new content in our engagement emails and on our retail website highlighting our partnership and the work we are doing to support Shelter
- To mark World Homeless Day on 10th October, we launched a campaign to give £2 to Shelter for every esure or esure Flex Home policy sold for one week via esure directly and Compare The Market
- Suppliers
- Our suppliers have also generously supported fundraising by donating prizes and supporting events

"The support we receive from our partners, like esure, means we can continue to be there for families impacted by housing emergency, providing expert support and advice to help them find and keep a safe home."

Lauren Thompson Head of Corporate Partnerships, Shelter



microhive

In 2024 we continued our partnership with Microhive (formerly known as Pennies from Heaven), to support colleagues with a simple solution for charitable giving. The partnership enables colleagues to "round down" their salaries to the nearest pound, donating the difference to Shelter. c10% of colleagues have chosen to enrol on the scheme already, and this continues to grow.



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2024 was the fourth year of our support of Brake, the road safety charity. We sponsored Brake's Kids Walk which saw 80,000 primary school-aged children campaigning for safer roads and cleaner air.



In the second quarter of 2024 we began a partnership with 20's Plenty, who campaign for 20mph speed limits where people live, work and play. Through analysis of our data, we have raised awareness of the impact reducing speed to 20mph has on accidental damage claims and consequent reduction in insurance premiums.



Our partnership with Women in Data[®] has inspired us to grow our internal community of women and allies to over 100 colleagues. We have continued our internal speaker events, with female leaders in the business sharing their story and learnings to encourage and inspire others.

continued

ESG governance:

Our approach to governance of ESG, climate and nature issues is summarised in the following diagram

Overview of ESG and Climate Governance



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continued

Board	Deep Dive ESG sessions in September and November 2024, providing updates on all ESG Plans, initiatives, data and progress including:				
	• Undertook a full detailed review of our full Scope 1, 2 and 3 carbon footprint, together with the key initiatives in place to drive further reductions				
	• Reviewed overview of our 2024 ClimateWise disclosure score and findings, and agreed related recommendations for future focus areas				
	 Oversight of signature social initiatives including Shelter, our corporate charity partner, plus our environmental and road safety partnerships 				
Board Remuneration Committee	 Indexing 2024 bonuses for all our senior leaders to maintaining our Top 10 ClimateWise rank to further incentivise the integration of the ClimateWise principles into our activities 				
Risk Committee	 Reviewed and approved the materiality assessment for climate risk, considering milestones for decarbonisation of our investment portfolio and approving our updated Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) policy 				
	 The Group climate metrics were reviewed on a regular basis 				
Group Executive	 Reviewed the Group carbon footprint and our progress in implementing our climate strategy, including initiatives to drive decarbonisation. 				
	• Reviewed our climate-related plans and next steps in areas including our investments, claims, our supply chain and in our operations.				
	 Reviewed and approved our submission to ClimateWise 				
Driving Good Management Committee	Supported the business's progress in areas including:				
	• Leading our first year's fundraising activities for our corporate charity partner, Shelter				
	 Developing decarbonisation plans, action and corresponding interim milestones 				
	• Significantly reducing reliance on proxy data within supply chain and investments emissions calculations				
	 Maintaining quality engagement and dialogue with suppliers on ESG 				
	 Continuing to support partnerships focused on nature and biodiversity initiatives 				
	 Assessing climate risk capability across the business 				

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Stakeholders

Section 172 statement of the Directors

The Board of Directors confirm that during the year under review it complied with the requirements of section 172(1) (a) to (f) of the Companies Act 2006. The Directors confirm they have acted, in good faith, to promote the success of the Company for the benefit of its members as a whole.

Under section 172 of the Companies Act 2006, a company's directors have a duty to discharge their responsibilities having regard, among other matters, to the:

- a. likely consequences of any decision in the long-term;
- b. interests of the company's employees;
- c. need to foster the company's business relationships with suppliers, customers and others;
- d. impact of the company's operations on the community and the environment;
- e. desirability of the company maintaining a reputation for high standards of business conduct; and
- f. need to act fairly as between members of the company.

Stakeholder groups

The table on pages 66 to 71 highlights the interests of our key stakeholders, our engagement methods and examples of the decisions made and actions we have taken during 2024 to support those interests. Further details can be found in the Group's Business Model on page 10 and in the Strategic Report on pages 4 to 71.

The Board also engages with other stakeholders on specific issues, such as the tax authorities and the media. The Directors seek to ensure that their decision-making process not only considers the Company's purpose, strategy and values, but also reflects as far as possible, the interests of all stakeholders. Board papers identify, when relevant to a decision, other stakeholders' interests. During the year, the Board considered the inputs, engagement and outcomes of the relationships between the Group and its stakeholder groups and has reflected on how the Group's corporate governance structure maintains and protects its reputation by upholding high standards of business conduct. 1 በ ነ



Why we engage

• We continually work hard to deliver better outcomes for our customers as part of our mission to fix insurance for good. We want to put things right within the insurance industry, bringing human values back into insurance to look after the customers we exist to protect. We will use industry-leading technology, insights and data, alongside fantastic customer service, to deliver more personalised experiences that meet the evolving needs and expectations of all our customers

How we engage

- Direct conversations with our Customer Service, Claims and Complaints teams
- Social media and our commercial websites
- Focus groups/perception studies including new product design
- Customer satisfaction scores, Ease and Trustpilot surveys

Our response – decisions and actions taken in 2024

The Board spent time on:

- The pricing approach, associated governance and control framework to ensure quality and value of products, plus fair and reasonable treatment of all customers
- Reviews of customer journeys including digital offerings, with focus on ease of use, and proposition vision
- Operational performance (Sales and Service, Claims and Complaints) monitoring to ensure full compliance with regulations

- Regular review of customer metrics, including RNPS scores, complaints, retention and digital ease
- Approach and progress on the upgrade to our core customer system
- Assuring itself that our customers receive 'good outcomes' from our products and services by receiving reports in line with the Financial Conduct Authority's Consumer Duty regulations
- Review and approval of the Code of Business Conduct and Conduct Risk framework
- Considering the Motor total loss programme, implemented following the Financial Conduct Authority's review of the industry's claims-handling processes

Links to our key risk objectives

- Customer
- Operational Risk/Reputation

Further information

- Strategic Report pages 4 to 71
- ESG report on pages 52 to 64
- Strategic Framework on pages 11 to 21

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Annual Report and Accounts 2024

continued



Why we engage

- Our people are a huge strength and are critical to our success. Our colleagues represent an exceptional people and skills capability combining deep-rooted insurance knowledge and leading technology and data capabilities
- A modern, collaborative, and agile culture allows us to derive maximum value from our technology and data platforms

How we engage

- Regular two-way multi-channel communication including face to face meetings, blogs/vlogs, social media (Yammer), all colleague broadcast and quarterly engagement surveys
- An independent whistleblowing helpline
- Regular updates on gender and diversity, ethnicity, corporate culture and values

Our response – decisions and actions taken in 2024

The Board spent time on:

- Regular review of colleague engagement surveys, including employee satisfaction scores, and other colleague related data on diversity, attrition, recruitment and sickness
- Regular consideration of talent development and succession plans, including a deep dive on digital talent to help drive our digital business transformation
- Approval of diversity and inclusion initiatives
- Approval of the Gender Pay Gap and Ethnicity Pay Gap reports

• Approval of the Modern Slavery Statement, Code of Business Conduct, Whistleblowing policy, Health and Safety policy and the 2024 annual bonus plan approved by the Remuneration Committee

Links to our key risk objectives

• Operational Risk/Reputation

Further information

- Exceptional culture on pages 18 and 19
- ESG report on pages 52 to 64
- Directors' Remuneration Committee report pages 91 to 93

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continued



Why we engage

- Engaging with our communities is the right thing to do, is an integral part of our culture and helps drive the long-term viability of the business
- We are committed to helping the UK become a sustainable, low-carbon economy and will play our part in combatting climate change. We believe that unmitigated climate change is a key risk for the insurance industry, as well as a systemic threat to society

How we engage

- Colleague community committees run by volunteers at each office location supporting fund raising for local charities
- Sponsorship deals and partnering with environmentally focused global charities
- Corporate charity partnership with Shelter
- A clearly articulated climate strategy and commitment to annual ClimateWise reporting
- Appointment of an ESG Board Champion

Our response – decisions and actions taken in 2024

The Board spent time on:

- Reviewing and approval of Code of Business Conduct, Modern Slavery Statement and Board Diversity Statement
- Reviewing and approval of our sustainability ambition, strategy, targets (aligned with the Association of British Insurers Climate Change Roadmap) and initiatives aimed at combatting climate change and managing climate change risks

- Reviewing submission and results of ClimateWise reporting and agreeing ambitions for 2025
- Overseeing various colleague and community engagement initiatives

Links to our key risk objectives

- Financial Sustainability
- Customer
- Operational risk/reputation

Further information

• See ESG report on pages 52 to 64 and our ClimateWise report

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continued



Why we engage

- As an insurer and Public Interest Entity, we need to provide fair, balanced, and comprehensive information to instil trust and confidence and allow informed investment decisions to be made
- We consider the interests of our debt investors and our shareholder
- We foster understanding with our shareholder on our strategy and investment case providing opportunity for their input on the business and priorities

How we engage

- Regular programme of formal and informal engagement with shareholder representatives, including at Board meetings, strategy days and shareholder reviews
- One-to-one shareholder update meetings with the Chair, Independent Non-Executive Directors, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and Group Executive Team members
- Meetings with debt investors and investment houses and consideration of their interests in decision-making
- Annual and interim reporting

Our response – decisions and actions taken in 2024

The Board spent time on:

- Trading strategy adopted in light of market conditions
- The 2025 Financial Plan and updated Capital Management Plan
- Regulatory Capital Adequacy and management actions taken to optimise the capital position
- Annual Report and Accounts and Half Year Report
- Financial and Operating performance
- Investment returns
- External factors competitor behaviour, evolving economic and market conditions, inflation, insurance industry performance and regulatory environment

Links to our key risk objectives

- Financial Sustainability
- Financial Protection/Solvency and Liquidity
- Customer
- Operational risk/reputation

Further information

- Strategic Report pages 4 to 71
- Corporate Governance page 72 to 93
- esure Group plc website www.esuregroup.com

esuregroup.com

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continued



Why we engage

- Strong ethical relationships with our corporate partners ensure the security of supply chain and our speed to market
- We rely heavily on the high standards of our carefully selected partners who are integral to us achieving our strategic goals, market-leading products and services. It is crucial to foster these relationships, mitigate risks and promote business resilience

How we engage

- Every supplier/partner has a designated supplier relationship manager to monitor performance, oversee and help enhance the relationship
- Due diligence process and regular information security and business continuity engagement
- Monitoring and support of the procurement governance practices for tender and contract management via a software application
- Application of fair payment terms and pricing and responsible sourcing practices
- Regular meetings throughout the year with reinsurance partners

Our response – decisions and actions taken in 2024

The Board spent time on:

- Reviewing and approving the Outsourcing and Material Third-party Suppliers policy, and supporting the Supplier Governance framework
- Approving the renewal of the Group's reinsurance arrangements
- Reviewing modern slavery risks in supply chains and approval of the Modern Slavery Statement
- Approval of high-value key material supplier
- Review and approval of the Supplier Code of Conduct
- Approach to environmental sustainability and dialogue with supply chain including carbon footprint, using recycled parts, carbon-neutral repairer network, and electric vehicle ready network
- Third-party impact on our Operational resilience

Links to our key risk objectives

- Financial Sustainability
- Financial Protection/Solvency and Liquidity
- Operational Risk/Reputation

Further information

- Strategic Report pages 4 to 71
- Financial Review pages 23 to 30
- Corporate Governance pages 72 to 93

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Our Engagement with Stakeholders

continued



Why we engage

- To understand regulatory and policy changes which provide opportunities but may also pose a risk to our operations
- We work closely with our regulators to ensure that our products and services evolve appropriately and mitigate any associated risks

How we engage

- Proactive and collaborative engagement with the Prudential Regulation Authority, Financial Conduct Authority, Competition and Markets Authority and Information Commissioner's Office, and alignment of our approach to meet regulatory requirements
- Membership of industry bodies (Association of British Insurers) to ensure active engagement in industry-wide discussions
- Regular and ad hoc meetings with regulators, attended by members of the Board and Executive team
- Open and transparent reporting

Our response – decisions and actions taken in 2024

The Board spent time on:

- Meeting with the Prudential Regulation Authority annually and receiving updates of regular communications between the executives and the regulators
- Responses to consultations and other requests
- A review of regulatory, technological and consumer trends

- Review and confirmation of compliance with our regulatory obligations including the Financial Conduct Authority's Consumer Duty regulations
- Review of our self-assessment and plans to meet future regulatory expectations such as the 2026 Operational Resilience requirements.
- Approving our key regulatory policies

Links to our key risk objectives

- Financial Protection/Solvency and Liquidity
- Customer
- Operational Risk/Reputation

Further information

- Strategic Report pages 4 to 71
- Risk management pages 31 to 51
- Corporate Governance pages 72 to 93

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David McMillan Chief Executive Officer 31 March 2025

By order of the Board

of the Strategic Report

Statement of the Directors in respect

Report on pages 4 to 71 on 31 March 2025.

The Board reviewed and approved the Strategic

Corporate Governance Report

Chair's Introduction Board of Directors Group Executive and Company Ownership 73 Our Governance Framework 80
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 Risk Committee Report 89
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Chair's Introduction

We remain firmly committed to high standards of corporate governance and maintaining a sound framework for the control and management of the business. The Board recognises that effective governance is essential to the implementation of our strategy and key to the creation of sustainable long-term value for both our shareholder and wider stakeholders including our employees. This report outlines our governance structure and describes the key activities for the year ended 31 December 2024.

Corporate Governance principles

The Group has applied the Wates Corporate Governance Principles (the Wates Principles) for Large Private Companies (published by the Financial Reporting Council). This report contains information to demonstrate our compliance with those principles throughout 2024.

Andy Haste Chair of the Board of Directors

esuregroup.com

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Chair's Introduction

continued

Wates Principles

Purpose and Leadership	Please refer to the Strategic Report on pages 4 to 71	
Board Composition	Please refer to our Board of Directors on pages 75 to 78, and our Governance Framework on pages 80 to 85	
Director Responsibilities	Please refer to our Governance Framework on pages 80 to 85	
Opportunity and Risk	Please refer to our Risk Management report on pages 31 to 51	
Remuneration	Please refer to our Remuneration Committee report on pages 91 to 93	
Stakeholder Relationships and Engagement	Please refer to our stakeholder section on pages 65 to 71 and our ESG report on pages 52 to 64	

The Wates Principles are available at www.frc.org.uk

The Walker PERG Guidelines are available at www.privateequityreportinggroup.co.uk

The Group also applies the Guidelines for Disclosure and Transparency in Private Equity Companies (the Walker PERG Guidelines), (published by the Private Equity Reporting Group). In preparing this Annual Report and audited financial statements, the Directors have complied with the requirements of the Walker PERG Guidelines, including recommended enhanced disclosures.

A summary of the Board's role regarding the Group's approach to climate-related issues can be found on pages 63 to 64 and 48 to 50.

As a major UK general insurer, the Group is familiar and comfortable with the corporate governance practices expected of a public limited company without an equity listing but with listed debt on the Global Exchange Market segment of the Dublin Euronext exchange, and the legislation applicable to Public Interest Entities.

Governance highlights in 2024

- **Strategy** consideration and revalidation of our key strategic pillars in light of market and economic developments and completion of our transformation programme, including a focused strategy away day
- Business performance and trading oversight significant focus on performance and trading
- **Risk** regular review of emerging and principal risks facing the Group and review of the Group's risk appetite.

• Internal control – review of progress on enhancements to operating and financial reporting controls following a period of significant change for the business

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- **People** regular review of colleague engagement and actions taken to respond to feedback, consideration of use of the outsourcing model, restructuring activity, resource and succession planning
- Customers focus on our customer journeys, strategy and proposition, including product design, optimisation of customer experience, service delivery, customer complaints and conduct risk. Oversaw the upgrade to the core customer platform ('EIS')
- ESG agenda review of our ESG strategy, with particular focus on sustainability and inclusion and diversity
- Board and Group Executive effectiveness tracking implementation of actions following the self-evaluation of the Board's effectiveness carried out in mid-2023. In 2024, the scope of the effectiveness review was expanded to include all Group Executive members for the first time

Andy Haste Chair of the Board of Directors 31 March 2025

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Board of Directors

Andy's career in financial services spans more than 40 years,

value. He has held several non-executive roles serving as

a chairman, deputy chair, board committee chair and senior

independent director at a range of high-profile and regulated

organisations. Andy is currently chair at Canopius Group Limited

and he has a wealth of experience in board leadership, executing

change, delivering profitable growth and increasing shareholder

A Audit Committee Member
 R Risk Committee Member
 Rew Remuneration Committee Member
 Denotes Chair
 Denotes standing attendee

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Committee membership A R REM Annual Report and Accounts 2024



David McMillan Chief Executive Officer Appointed: July 2019

During his career, David has been responsible for leading different businesses through start-up, high growth, restructuring and turnaround phases. He holds a BA in Finance and Computer Science from Heriot-Watt University, an executive MBA from the University of Chicago and is a Fellow of the Institute of Management Accountants. Peter joined the business in January 2020 and was appointed Chief Financial Officer in March 2020. He is accountable for the leadership of the finance function, ensuring the effective delivery of all aspects of financial management of the business. Peter graduated with a 1st Class Honours degree from the University of Aberdeen and is a member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Scotland. He has over 25 years' experience in finance leadership roles across several strong consumer businesses within the banking and insurance sectors. Peter is currently an independent non-executive director at Yorkshire Building Society.

Prior appointments

Andy Haste

Non-Executive Chair

Appointed: March 2020

Background and experience

and chair at RiskPoint Group A-S.

Andy served as the senior independent deputy chairman of Lloyd's of London where he chaired its remuneration committee, technology and transformation committee and capacity transfer panel. He was also a member of Lloyd's nominations and governance committee. He was a member of the board of the Association of British Insurers from 2003 to 2011 and a Visiting Fellow at the Oxford University Centre for Corporate Reputation between 2008 and 2019. Andy's previous roles include chairman of Wonga Group, senior independent director of ITV plc, Group chief executive officer of RSA Insurance Group plc, chief executive officer of AXA Sun Life PLC and executive director AXA UK Plc. Prior to joining esure, David was group chief operating officer of QBE, one of the world's top 20 insurance and reinsurance companies and was responsible for strategy, transformation, digital, technology and operations. Before QBE, he was chief executive officer, Europe and India and chairman of global health insurance for Aviva plc. Earlier in his career at Aviva, David was chief executive officer of UK general insurance & group transformation officer. He joined Aviva in 2002 following almost ten years with the management consulting arm of PricewaterhouseCoopers. Until March 2023, David was a non-executive director of Scottish Rugby Ltd. David chairs the Group Executive. Prior to joining esure, Peter was chief financial officer of Virgin Money having moved there from Tesco Bank where he was also the chief financial officer. Earlier in his career Peter held senior financial roles at Direct Line Group, Standard Life and Deloitte. Peter is a member of the Group Executive.





Peter Bole

Chief Financial Officer

Appointed: March 2020

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A Audit Committee Member

R Risk Committee Member

(R) Denotes standing attendee

R Denotes Chair

REM Remuneration Committee Member

Board of Directors

continued



Andrew Birrell Independent Non-Executive Director Appointed: December 2019

Background and experience

Andrew is an independent non-executive director of Sun Life Financial of Canada (UK), Sanlam Group and Sanlam Life. He is a senior adviser to Sixth Street Partners in relation to their European and US Life insurance strategy. Andrew has spent his career in financial services, general, life and health insurance, investment management and banking, primarily as chief financial officer of fast growing, entrepreneurial insurance businesses. He is a Fellow of the Institute and Faculty of Actuaries and a Chartered Enterprise Risk Actuary.



Elisabeth Ling Independent Non-Executive Director Appointed: May 2022

Elisabeth is a product management and data science leader with over 25 years' experience and expertise in developing digital products and leading teams in start-ups, scale-ups and global companies. She advises chief executive officers of digital ventures on their product and scaling strategies. Elisabeth is currently a member of the AI ethics steering committee at Digital Catapult. She holds an Applied Mathematics MSc from Ecole Nationale des Ponts et Chaussées (ParisTech) and an MA Marketing from ESSEC Business School.



Peter Shaw Independent Non-Executive Director Appointed: March 2017

Peter has a wide range of experience in both risk and business roles throughout a career of over 30 years in financial services.

Prior appointments

Previously, Andrew held roles as chief financial officer of Guardian Financial Services Ltd, group chief risk officer and group chief actuary of Old Mutual Plc, chief operating officer and chief financial officer at Investec Securities Ltd, South Africa and chief financial officer of Capital Alliance Holdings, South Africa. He was a founder of Universal Partners Limited, and was an executive director until April 2022. He also held roles as chairman of Assupol Holdings and Assupol Life Limited and as a non-executive director of Investec Life. In her most recent executive position, Elisabeth led product management and data teams at Elsevier where she was responsible for developing new digital commercial offerings for Researcher products. Elisabeth was a board member and remains a product advisor to the chief executive officer of Ometria, a marketing and customer data platform. Prior to that she held senior product roles at Talk Talk, eBay, and PayPal. She is a noted expert in the field of artificial intelligence and was a member of the European Commission's High Level Expert Group on Artificial Intelligence & Ethics in 2019 and 2020. Peter spent the majority of his career at Royal Bank of Scotland and NatWest, having joined as a graduate, progressing through a number of business roles before spending his last eight years in the risk function, latterly as chief risk officer for the retail, wealth and Ulster Bank businesses. He formerly also held the roles of non-executive director Aldermore Bank plc, Willis Ltd and at Bank of Ireland (UK) plc.









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A Audit Committee Member

R Risk Committee Member

(R) Denotes standing attendee

R Denotes Chair

REM Remuneration Committee Member

Board of Directors

continued



Annette Andrews Independent Non-Executive Director Appointed: May 2024

Background and experience

Annette Andrews is an experienced HR leader and Remuneration Committee Chair who brings a significant track record across the financial services industries. She has an MBA from Henley Management College, is a qualified Executive Coach and Mediator, and a Fellow of the Institute of Personnel Management.



Robin Marshall Non-Executive Director Appointed: December 2018

Robin joined Bain Capital Private Equity in 2009. He is a partner and co-head of the European private equity team. Robin serves as a non-executive director on the board of the UK's Ministry of Defence. Prior to joining Bain Capital Private Equity, Robin was a partner at 3i. He was the founding partner of 3i's US Private Equity business and before that was a managing director of 3i's UK business. Robin received his master's degree from the University of Glasgow. He was also a post-graduate Thouron Fellow at the University of Pennsylvania.



Philip Loughlin Non-Executive Director Appointed: December 2018

Philip joined Bain Capital Private Equity in 1996. He is a partner and serves as the global head of the financial services and business services vertical. He is also a member of the consumer/ retail vertical. Philip received an MBA from Harvard Business School, where he was a Baker Scholar. He graduated cum laude with an AB from Dartmouth College.

Prior appointments

Annette was Chief People Officer at Lloyd's of London, one of the world's leading insurance and reinsurance marketplaces, where she led organisation and people transformation. Prior to this she had senior appointments at Catlin, Lloyds Banking Group and Ford Motor Company. She is currently also an independent non-executive director at Foxtons Group plc. Previously, Robin held roles with McKinsey & Company and Procter & Gamble.

Prior to joining Bain Capital Private Equity, Philip was a consultant at Bain & Company. He also served in operating roles at Eagle Snacks, Inc. and Norton Company.



Board of Directors

continued



Luca Bassi Non-Executive Director Appointed: December 2018

Background and experience

Luca joined Bain Capital Private Equity in 2003. He is a partner and co-head of the technology, financial and business services vertical and a member of the European private equity team. Luca focuses on investments in the financial technology and services sector as well as on the coverage of southern Europe (Italy and Spain). Luca received an MBA from Columbia Business School. He graduated magna cum laude with a BS in Economics from Bocconi University.



James Stevens Non-Executive Director Appointed: April 2020

James joined Bain Capital Private Equity in 2014. He spends the majority of his time focused on technology and financial services investments in Europe. He is a partner with Bain Capital Tech Opportunities Fund. Previously he was with Bain Capital Private Equity for eight years.

He has an LLB, 1st Class Honours and a B. Com (Finance) from the University of Canterbury, New Zealand.



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Changes during the year

- Elke Reichart, Independent Non-Executive Director, retired from the Board with effect from 30 April 2024.
- Annette Andrews was appointed to the Board as an Independent Non-Executive Director with effect from 1 May 2024.

Prior appointments

Prior to joining Bain Capital, Luca worked for Goldman Sachs in the investment banking division in London where he advised Italian and international companies on cross-border M&A transactions. Previously, he worked as a strategy consultant at Bain & Company in Milan where he focused on the financial services sectors. Prior to joining Bain Capital Private Equity, James worked as a consultant at Bain & Company in London and Sydney across a number of sectors including Private Equity, consumer products and mining. Prior to this he worked in renewable energy across Asia

Committee membership







Group Executive and Company Ownership

Group Executive

David McMillan chairs the Group Executive which comprises the Chief Financial Officer, Chief Risk and Legal Officer, Chief Technology Officer, Chief Commercial Officer, Chief Operations Officer, Chief People Officer and Company Secretary and Chief Claims Officer.

Company ownership (the shareholder)

In December 2018, esure Group was acquired by Blue (BC) Bidco Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of funds advised by Bain Capital Private Equity (Europe), LLP and its affiliates. esure was established in 2000 and is headquartered in Reigate, Surrey, UK. The Company was originally conceived for the online channel which now dominates insurance distribution.

Bain Capital Private Equity (Europe), LLP is an investment adviser authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority. Bain Capital Private Equity (Europe), LLP and Bain Capital Private Equity, LP are indirect subsidiaries of Bain Capital, LP, a global investment firm based in Boston, Massachusetts, USA. Bain Capital Private Equity (Europe), LLP is based in London and is the investment adviser to the following European private equity funds:

- Bain Capital Fund VII-E, LP
- Bain Capital Fund VIII-E, LP
- Bain Capital Europe Fund III, LP

and the investment sub-advisor to:

- Bain Capital Fund Europe IV, LP
- Bain Capital Fund Europe V, SCSp

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Board of Directors

Membership: Andy Haste (Chair), Executive and Non-Executive Directors

Membership of the Board Risk and Audit Committees consists of a sub-set of Independent Non-Executives only. Membership of the Board Remuneration Committee consists of a sub-set of Independent and Shareholder Non-Executives. Committee membership can be found on pages 75 to 78 of the report.

Responsible for:

- leadership and oversight of the Group and has overall authority for the management and conduct of the Group's business, strategy and development
- ensuring the maintenance of a sound system of internal control and risk management (including financial, operational and compliance controls, and for reviewing the overall effectiveness of systems in place)
- the approval of any changes to the capital, corporate and management structure of the Group, and
- the environmental, social and governance agenda

Audit Committee

Monitors the integrity of the Group's financial and solvency statements, the effectiveness of the external and internal auditors and internal control processes and reviews the Group's whistleblowing arrangements.

Risk Committee

Reviews the effectiveness of the Group's risk management systems, the overall risk assessment processes and methodology and advises the Board on the Group's risk appetite.

Remuneration Committee

Accountable for remuneration policy, short and long-term incentives for Executives and the senior management team and agreeing the individual remuneration arrangements for new Executive appointments.

Group Executive consists of the Chief Executive Officer and his direct reports

• Supports the Chief Executive Officer in managing the day-to-day operations of the Group in accordance with the authority delegated to it by the Board.

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The role of the Board

Led by the Chair, the Board is collectively responsible for promoting the long-term sustainable success of the Group. The Board provides leadership, sets the strategic aims of the Group and holds management to account in achieving those aims.

The Board has delegated certain specific responsibilities to Board Committees. This assists the Board in carrying out its functions and ensures there is independent oversight of internal control, risk management and remuneration policy. These Committees are comprised of Non-Executive Directors and utilise the expertise and experience of their members to examine subjects in detail and make recommendations to the Board where required. Each Committee Chair reports to the Board on their respective Committee's after each meeting.

Whilst day-to-day management of the business lies with the executive management team, certain matters are reserved to the Board to ensure that key decisions that affect the Group and are of the utmost importance to our shareholder and wider stakeholders are taken at Board level. Key matters reserved for the Board:

- Approval of the Group's strategic plan and objectives and setting the Group's values and standards
- Changes to the Group's capital structure or arrangements including loans, repayments or reinsurance
- Approval of financial statements, capital adequacy and significant changes in accounting policies
- Approval of the Group's Risk Appetite Statements
- Approval of capital projects or treasury activities over pre-determined amounts
- Appointment and removal of Board members and Chair of the Board, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Risk and Legal Officer, Chief Actuary and Company Secretary
- Approval of significant Group policies

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Areas of focus in 2024	Key matters considered	Outcome	
Strategy • Transformation programme • Strategic plan		 Maximising opportunities relating to our technology platform, facilitated by the successful migration of customer policies which represented the completion of our multi-year transformation programme 	
	Market	• Reviewed performance against strategic goals and approved the three-year strategic plan for the business	
	 Regulatory developments 	Chief Executive Officer updates, and third-party insights on market M&A activity and competitor results	
	and Consumer Duty	 Updates at each meeting on latest Financial Conduct Authority and Prudential Regulation Authority regulatory developments, correspondence, discussions and our response 	
		Monitored the Consumer Duty programme and compliance within required timescales	
Culture/People	Colleague engagement	Chief Executive Officer updates on colleague engagement scores and feedback	
	Whistleblowing line review	Reviewed the use of our whistleblowing line over the year	
	Modern slavery	• Reviewed the Modern Slavery Act Statement, Supplier Code of Conduct, and the processes adopted to ensure	
	Mandatory trainingGroup policies	and track continued compliance	
		 Board members undertook mandatory training and monitored training for all colleagues 	
		 Approval of updated Group policies on Code of Conduct, Health and Safety, Financial Crime, Board Diversity, ESG and Whistleblowing 	
		Reviewed our outsourcing arrangements	
Risk	Risk appetite and principal risksOwn Risk Solvency Assessment	 Conducted a robust assessment of the emerging and principal risks facing the Group and determined the appropriate risk appetite in order to achieve its long-term strategic objectives 	
	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Reviewed and approved the ORSA in November 2024	
Operational	Operations	Focused Board sessions on customer journeys and channel strategy including ChatBot performance	
Performance	Claims	• Considered the risk relating to talent and capability and reviewed succession plans at the most senior level of the	
	Customer experience	business including a focus on improving diversity	
		 Considered the design and resourcing of the complaints handling processes 	
		• Reviewed approach and status of cyber security and data privacy and embedding of AI, including associated risks	
		 Monitored the governance and implementation of a substantial upgrade to our core customer system (EIS), including potential impacts on customer and business operations 	

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Areas of focus in 2024	Key matters considered	Outcome	
Governance	Governance framework	Reviewed and updated the terms of reference for the principal Committees	
	Succession planningEffectiveness	• Received regular Audit Committee updates on enhancements to financial reporting controls following a period of substantial transformation	
		 Considered the risk relating to talent and capability and reviewed succession plans at the most senior level of the business 	
		Broadened Board assessment to include the Group Executive for the first time	
ESG	 Company initiatives, including ClimateWise report and proposed Path to Net Zero 	 Held focused Board sessions on all ESG-related activity being undertaken by the Group Approved ESG policy 	
	Equity, inclusion and diversity	 Agree of appropriate targets related to the same Updated Equity, Inclusion and Diversity policy and Board Diversity policy 	
		Published Gender Pay Gap reportReviewed Ethnicity Pay Gap report	
		 Considered results of ClimateWise report and proposed areas of future focus Approved initiatives and commitments supporting sustainability and equity, diversity and inclusion objectives 	
Financial Performance	Monthly performanceBudgetTrading strategyCapital strategyReinsurance strategy	 Received updates from the Chief Financial Officer on financial performance at every meeting Reviewed performance against the 2024 Financial Plan and approved the Plan for 2025 Received regular updates on market environment and proposed trading response Considered pricing dynamics and customer segmentation Reviewed the reserving position Reviewed the Group's solvency position 	
Trading Oversight	Continued claims inflation	 Redemption of the ten-year Tier 2 Subordinated Notes issued 19 December 2014 Approved proposed 2025 reinsurance programme Continued disciplined approach to pricing 	
	 Movement in market pricing 	 Focus in 2024 in trading new products successfully and strengthening competitiveness to attract new customers 	

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Roles and responsibilities

The Chair of the Board – Andy Haste

- Leads the Board and sets the agenda
- Promotes a culture of openness and debate
- Responsible for the effectiveness of the Board
- Facilitates the effective contribution of Independent Non-Executive Directors and oversees the relationship between them, the Non-Executive Directors and Executive Directors

Chief Executive Officer, Executive Director – David McMillan

- Responsible for the performance and management of the Group's business
- Leads the Senior ExecutiveTeam in the day-to-day running of the Group's business
- Charged with recommending and then implementing the Board's strategy and decisions
- Responsible for ensuring effective internal controls and risk management systems
- Keeps the Chair informed on all important matters

Chief Financial Officer, Executive Director – Peter Bole

- Supports the Chief Executive Officer in the leadership and management of the Group's business
- Accountable for the leadership of the Finance function, ensuring the effective delivery of all aspects of the financial management of the business

Independent Non-Executive Directors – Peter Shaw, Andrew Birrell, Annette Andrews, Elisabeth Ling

- Bring a very broad level of experience across the financial, commercial, actuarial, technology, data science and product sectors
- Constructively challenge management and scrutinise performance
- Contribute to the development of the Group strategy
- Monitor the Group's performance
- Satisfy themselves on the effectiveness of financial controls, risk management and appropriate conduct
- Participate in the selection and recruitment of new Directors and succession planning

Non-Executive Directors – Robin Marshall, Phil Loughlin, Luca Bassi, James Stevens

- Bring representation of the shareholder's view to the Board
- Constructively challenge management and scrutinise performance
- Contribute to the development of the Group's strategy
- Monitor the Group's performance
- Satisfy themselves on the effectiveness of financial controls, risk management and appropriate conduct
- Participate in the selection and recruitment of new Directors and succession planning

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Directors' external activities and conflicts of interest

Directors have a statutory duty to avoid situations in which they have a direct or indirect conflict of interest or possible conflict of interest with the Company. Under the Company's Articles of Association, disinterested Board members have the ability to authorise any actual or potential situational conflicts that may arise, and to impose such terms on the conflicted Director as they consider appropriate. The Group has a Conflicts of Interest policy which was last reviewed and approved by the Risk Committee in March 2024. There is a procedure in place to deal with any actual or potential conflicts of interest and Directors are required to review and confirm their interests annually. Prior to taking on additional responsibilities or external appointments, Directors are required to declare any interests that may give rise to a conflict of interest on appointment and to obtain authorisation from the Chair subsequently as they arise. Any potential conflicts approved by the Board are recorded in a Conflicts of Interest Register and are noted by the Board at its next meeting. The Board is satisfied that the systems for the reporting of conflicts of interest continue to operate effectively.

It is each Director's responsibility to ensure that they will be able to meet the time commitment expected of them to adequately discharge their duties.

Equity, inclusion and diversity

Succession planning and diversity remained a key area of focus for the Board during the year. The Board continues to focus on achieving an inclusive, balanced and diverse membership to include a mixture of skills, professional and industry backgrounds, geographical experiences and expertise, gender, tenure, ethnicity and diversity of thoughts. This brings a range of views, insights, perspectives and opinions to promote effective decision making. The Board continues to focus on promoting diversity across its executive pipeline, senior leadership roles and among all its employees.

Board evaluation

The Board progressed areas for improvement identified following the 2023 self-evaluation with all areas being successfully addressed during the year, in particular, improving focus on customer voice and customer needs, and on employee talent and engagement.

In 2024, the Board conducted a self-evaluation. For the first time, the evaluation was open to the Group Executive, given the close working relationship between the two groups. The evaluation highlighted a number of positives, including the good mix of skills and experience at Board level, as well as the high quality of Board discussions. A number of actions were proposed to further improve the Board's performance and processes, including reviewing the cadence of meetings and enhancing Board and Committee packs.

Website

The Group's website www.esuregroup.com provides a source of information for stakeholders about the Group and contains financial presentations and publications, including the online Annual Report, Half Year Report (in line with the Walker PERG Guidelines), the Group's ClimateWise report, Modern Slavery Statement, Tax Strategy, Supplier Code of Conduct and recent press releases.

Audit Committee Report

The Audit Committee remains central to the Group's governance process, working with the Risk Committee, to ensure that the Group maintains a strong internal control environment. The Committee's key objective is to provide effective governance over the Group's financial reporting processes, the internal audit function and external auditor.

During the year the Committee focused on ensuring all audit actions and recommendations are appropriately addressed; received internal and external reports on outstanding claims reserves, financial reporting, the effectiveness of internal controls, and regulatory reform; and provided oversight and challenge on the work undertaken by the internal and external auditors. The Committee also considered the impact of the ongoing inflationary environment on claims reserves.

Audit Committee composition and meetings

The Committee is comprised of Independent Non-Executive Directors. Andrew Birrell is the Chair with the other members being Peter Shaw, Annette Andrews and Andy Haste. The Chief Executive Officer, the Chief Financial Officer, the Chief Risk and Legal Officer, the Chief Audit Officer, and Non-Executive Directors along with the external auditor, are invited to attend meetings of the Committee. Other members of senior management are invited to present reports as necessary.

Cross-membership between the Committee and the Risk Committee helps facilitate coordination on topics of mutual interest, particularly in relation to internal controls and the risk management framework.

Responsibilities

The key responsibilities of the Committee are to assist the Board in discharging its duties in respect of:

- Recommendations to the Board on the appointment/ removal of the external auditor, their terms of engagement and fees
- Agreeing the plan for the external audit, receiving and reviewing reports from the Group's external auditor, monitoring its effectiveness and independence
- Monitoring and reviewing internal audit activities
- Approving the annual internal audit plan and updates to that plan
- Reviewing and monitoring the integrity of the Group's financial statements, including the Annual Report and Accounts of the Group, the Half Year Report and any other announcements relating to its financial performance
- Reviewing and monitoring the integrity of the Company's reserving position
- Reviewing the Solvency and Financial Condition Report ('SFCR')
- Reviewing the effectiveness of the Group's systems of internal controls

- Reviewing the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's Whistleblowing policy
- Focusing on compliance with legal requirements, whistleblowing, accounting standards and other regulatory or governance requirements

The Committee's terms of reference are approved by the Board and set out in writing. These authorise the Committee to investigate any activity within its remit and to seek any information that it requires from any employee. It has the right to consult professional advisors and, if it is not satisfied with the advice received, seek further independent professional advice. The Committee's Chair formally reports to the Board on its proceedings after each Committee meeting.

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Audit Committee Report

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Key areas of focus in 2024

IFRS 17 Insurance Contract Liabilities

The Committee reviewed and monitored the accounting processes and judgements implemented on the adoption of IFRS 17. During the course of the year, management identified an error in the implementation of Insurance Contract Liabilities under IFRS 17 that occurred on adoption of the standard in the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023. Following a thorough review of the background to the error and the impact on the financial statements a decision was taken to restate the Statement of Financial Position as at 1 January 2023. This matter was reviewed by the Audit Committee with input from both management and the Group's external auditor. The Committee is satisfied that the restatement is appropriate and that, following changes to reporting processes and the related control environment, the risk of the error reoccurring has been adequately addressed.

Financial reporting

An important part of the Committee's annual activities is the review of the Group's financial reporting, including the Annual Report and Accounts, the Half Year Report and the SFCR. In reviewing these, the Committee receives reports from management and, as appropriate, from the internal audit team and the external auditor.

In fulfilling its duties, the Committee assessed whether suitable accounting policies had been adopted, whether management had made appropriate estimates and judgements and whether disclosures in this Annual Report and Accounts are fair, balanced and understandable.

Strengthening financial controls

The Group's control environment underpins the integrity of the financial statements and Solvency II reporting.

Following a period of transformation for the Group, including the successful completion of the migration of all policies onto the Group's new technology platform, the Committee requested management to implement a project to ensure the additional data and related management processes introduced by the new platform were fully utilised in financial reporting and control. The Committee spent significant time over the year on reviewing the work undertaken to enhance the Group's financial controls. Considerable progress has been made during the course of the year in strengthening the financial control environment. Enhancements to IT and business controls will remain an area of focus for management in 2025.

Liability for incurred claims

The valuation of the liability for incurred and potential future claims continues to be the most significant financial judgement relating to the Group's financial statements. As part of its consideration of this, the Committee received reports from the external auditor, the Chief Actuary, the Risk function and an independent review by an external consultancy firm. These reports considered the projected ultimate claims costs, inherent uncertainties, the range of potential outcomes and the impact of reinsurance arrangements.

The Committee, after challenging and debating the process, key judgements and assumptions and noting the inherent uncertainties associated with reserving for claims, is satisfied that outstanding claims reserves included in these financial statements are appropriate. In reaching this conclusion, the Committee specifically considered risks related to the impact of elevated inflation and the Civil Liability Act, together with management's views of the claims reserves.

Other matters

The Committee also considered several other matters, including:

- The Group's tax strategy
- Half-year report, prepared in line with the Walker Guidelines
- Solvency returns to the Regulator
- Reviewed and challenged the external auditor's year-end reports and the statement of external auditor's independence
- Received regular updates from the auditor on audit planning and progress, discussing key items relating to the preparation of the Group's financial reporting, including sensitivities, accounting judgements and areas of significant risk
- Reviewed and approved the Internal Audit Charter
- Reviewed and challenged the effectiveness of the Group's whistleblowing procedures and approved the non-material updates to the Group Whistleblowing policy
- Reviewed the provision for redress following a review of the total loss claims processes
- Assessed the impact of changes to the Ogden discount rate, used as part of determining the quantum of compensation for personal injury claims

Audit Committee Report

continued

Internal audit

The internal audit function has established a three-year cycle of work, aligned to our strategy and key risks facing the Group. This cycle of work is reviewed regularly and supplemented as needed by thematic reviews. The Committee received regular updates from the Chief Audit Officer on progress against the 2024 annual plan and the outcomes of specific audit reviews, including key themes, remedial plans, and any outstanding actions. The 2025 annual plan was reviewed and approved by the Committee in November 2024.

The reports received by the Committee form an important part of the Group's internal control environment, providing comfort as to the adequacy of systems to manage business risk and to safeguard the Group's assets and resources.

The Committee is responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the internal audit function. In December 2024, as required every five years by the Chartered Institute for Internal Auditors' ('IIA') International Audit Standards ('the Standards'), the Committee received the output of an External Quality Assessment ('EQA') conducted by the IIA. The EQA concluded that the internal audit team Generally Conforms (the highest rating possible) to the Standards. Having regard to the output of the EQA, and to feedback from management the Committee was satisfied that the internal audit function remained independent, effective and fit for purpose.

The Committee was also updated on the impact of the IIA's updated Standards, which take effect in 2025. Actions taken to comply with those standards were also reviewed by the IIA.

External auditor

The Committee oversees the relationship with the external auditor, including the approval of the terms of appointment, scope of work, audit fees, performance and independence.

In May, the Committee held a review of the performance of Deloitte LLP, including feedback from management. Overall, the Committee concluded that Deloitte LLP were effective in discharging their responsibilities as the external auditor and areas of improvement in the audit process were identified.

The Group's policy on non-audit work is reviewed annually. No updates to the policy were proposed in 2024 following updates made in November 2023. This policy helps ensure that the external auditor's independence and objectivity are preserved and sets out when it may be appropriate for the external auditor to provide other services and the governance and safeguards in place around such appointments. Deloitte LLP also provided an update on their independence to the Committee in accordance with the International Standards in Auditing (UK) and the Companies Act 2006.

Details of fees paid to Deloitte LLP in 2024 are included in Note 9 in the financial statements.

Committee governance

The Committee reviewed its terms of reference in 2024 and recommended non-material updates to the Board. The Committee has acted in accordance with its terms of reference throughout 2024.

The Committee undertook a self-evaluation of its performance in 2024 and concluded that it continued to operate effectively.

Andrew Birrell Chair of the Audit Committee 31 March 2025

Risk Committee Report

The Risk Committee continued to play a central role in the Group's risk management framework in 2024, advising the Board on the risk appetite for the Group, risk tolerance, limits and strategy. The Committee also advised the Board on the current and future risk exposures.

The Committee is comprised of Independent Non-Executive Directors. Peter Shaw is the Chair with the other members being Andrew Birrell, Elisabeth Ling, Andy Haste and Annette Andrews.

The Chief Executive Officer, the Chief Financial Officer, the Chief Risk and Legal Officer, the Chief Audit Officer, and Non-Executive Directors along with the external and internal auditors, are invited to attend meetings of the Committee. Other members of senior management are invited to present reports as necessary.

Cross-membership of the Committee and the Audit Committee helps facilitate coordination on topics of mutual interest, particular in relation to the internal control and risk management framework.

The Committee's key role is to provide oversight of and advice to the Board on the current risk exposures and future risk strategy of the Group, including the development and implementation of the Group's risk management framework and the Group's risk appetite which can be found in the Strategic Report on pages 31 to 51.

During the year, the Committee continued to have an open and transparent relationship with our regulators and considered feedback in respect of the ongoing suite of regulatory reviews and activity, both specific to the Group and industry-wide.

Responsibilities

The Committee responsibilities in respect of the risk management framework are to:

- Provide advice to the Board on risk strategy and oversight of current risk exposures in relation to risk appetite
- Keep under review the effectiveness of the Group's risk management systems, the overall risk assessment processes and methodology, and ensure that risk-based information is used effectively by management and the Board in the running of the business
- Evaluate potential emerging trends, including but not limited to environmental, social and governance trends, that may result in future adverse developments against the Group's risk appetite or new risk issues facing the Group, and their potential impact on the business model
- Review the principal risk policies for consistency with the Group's risk appetite and approve any material changes to those policies
- Oversee and challenge the design and execution of stress and scenario testing. This includes reverse stress testing, day-to-day risk management and management's responsiveness to the findings and recommendations from the Chief Risk and Legal Officer and the risk management function

- Challenge due diligence on risk issues relating to material transactions and strategic proposals that are subject to approval by the Board
- Provide advice, oversight and challenge necessary to embed and maintain a supportive risk culture and review the effectiveness of its embedding and maintenance throughout the Group
- Review the capital adequacy of the Group, taking into account the forward-looking assessment of risks from the outcomes of the Own Risk Solvency Assessment process and recommend to the Board for approval prior to submission to the Group's regulatory supervisor
- Approve the annual objectives of the Risk Management function, ensuring it has adequate resources, independence and has appropriate access to information to enable it to perform its function effectively
- Review the approach by which each principal risk is controlled, and new and emerging risks are identified and managed
- Receive notification of any material breaches of risk appetite and discuss possible actions and solutions, and
- Consider the implications of any changes proposed to regulations and legislation that could be material to the Group's risk appetite, risk exposure, management of risk and regulatory compliance

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Risk Committee Report

continued

Key areas of focus

Key matters discussed by the Committee during the year are set out below:

- Oversaw the Own Risk Solvency Assessment process and reporting including assessment of the overarching risks within the Group
- Received an update on the impact of, and management's response to the CrowdStrike incident from July 2024 on services, including the impact on customers, and lessons learned
- Received regular updates on the Motor total loss programme, implemented following the Financial Conduct Authority's review of the industry's claims-handling processes
- Provided with updates on management's review of complaints handling, encompassing resourcing, processes, and engagement with the regulator
- Received updates and provided input on management's engagement with the regulator in relation to their market-wide premium finance review
- Reported on and debated material risk areas including Operational Resilience, Pricing, Reserving, Solvency, Conduct and Customer risk, Investment risk, Data risk, Cyber risk and Climate risk
- Provided with updates on IT transformation activities, including the decommissioning of legacy technology infrastructure
- Considered deep dives and updates on our Retail Premium Finance product, our core customer system ('EIS') base upgrade, data governance and privacy, and customer journeys
- Reviewed and approved updated policies within the risk management framework and recommended material risk policies for approval by the Board.
 Policies included, Risk Management, Conduct Risk and Consumer Duty, AI Governance, Conflicts of Interest, Health and Safety, Privacy and Data Protection, Outsourcing and Material Third-party Arrangements, Financial Crime, ESG, and Supplier Code of Conduct

- Received confirmation from the Actuarial function concerning the adequacy of the Group's reinsurance and underwriting arrangements
- Reviewed the 2024 and 2025 reinsurance programme for recommendation to the Board
- Considered compliance with the Financial Conduct Authority's Consumer Duty regulation, including the review of annual and quarterly reporting prior to recommending the Consumer Duty annual assessment to the Board

Pages 35 to 37 provide a summary of the principal risks faced by the Group and key mitigating actions as well as an overview of emerging risks, along with recent and anticipated future developments. Further information on the Group's approach to risk, including the associated governance framework for managing risk, stress testing and an analysis of the principal risks, is set out in the Risk Management report on pages 31 to 51.

Remuneration matters

The Committee advises the Remuneration Committee on the design of senior executive short-term and longterm incentive plans, to ensure that management are not being incentivised to take undue risks. The Committee also advises the Remuneration Committee on any control issues that may have arisen that the Committee believes should be taken into account when determining executive remuneration payments under those incentive plans.

Risk management function

The Committee reviewed the remit and performance of the Group's risk management function and confirmed that it continued to have the requisite skills, experience and resources, along with unrestricted access to information, to discharge their responsibility effectively, in accordance with the relevant professional standards, and that the functions are adequately independent.

Committee governance

The Committee reviewed its terms of reference in 2024 and recommended non-material updates to the Board. The Committee has acted in accordance with its terms of reference throughout 2024.

The Committee undertook a self-evaluation of its performance in 2024 and concluded that it continued to operate effectively.

Peter Shaw Chair of the Risk Committee 31 March 2025

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Remuneration Committee Report

This report presents an overview of the approach to the remuneration of our Chair, Executive Directors, Independent Non-Executive Directors, Material Risk Takers and aggregate remuneration for our senior management team, together with a summary of our Remuneration policy.

The Committee is appointed by the Board and is comprised of Independent Non-Executive Directors and a representative Non-Executive Director of the shareholder.

Annette Andrews is Chair of the Committee and other members are Andrew Birrell, Peter Shaw and Luca Bassi.

The Chair of the Board, the Chief Executive Officer, the Chief People Officer and Company Secretary, Chief Risk and Legal Officer, and Non-Executive Directors along with appointed remuneration consultants, are invited to attend meetings of the Committee, as appropriate for the agreed agenda. Other members of senior management are invited to present reports as necessary.

Roles and responsibilities

The role of the Committee is to oversee remuneration arrangements and make decisions on behalf of the Board for Executive and Material Risk Takers ('MRT') remuneration. In fulfilling their role, the Remuneration Committee is advised by the Chief Executive Officer, Chief People Officer and Company Secretary, Chief Risk and Legal Officer and Chief Financial Officer. The Remuneration Committee may select, appoint, retain and terminate any remuneration consultants (currently FIT remuneration consultants); and obtain, at the Company's expense), independent legal or other professional advice on any matters within its Terms of Reference. The roles and responsibilities apply in practice as follows:

- 1. Pay review for individual Executives
- 2. Short-term incentive/bonus payments for Executives
- 3. Long-term incentive award allocations/grants for individual Executives
- 4. Short-term incentive/bonus plan design (and annual targets for bonus purposes)
- 5. Long-term incentive plan design
- 6. Benefits Plan design
- 7. Agree selection of colleagues governed by the Executive Remuneration policy
- 8. Accountability for the Remuneration policy Board approval for all proposed amendments
- 9. Setting of the Expense policy
- 10. Remuneration relating to the appointment and termination of individual Directors and Executives
- 11. Contractual terms

Executive and Material Risk Takers Remuneration policy

The Executive and MRT Remuneration policy applies to the Chair, Executives and the MRTs. It is reviewed and agreed annually by the Remuneration Committee. In setting the policy and individuals' remuneration, the Committee is mindful of the remuneration on offer to the wider employee population within the Group and considers external market benchmarking.

Key elements and principles of the policy

The policy sets out key elements including the principles underpinning the policy and the regulatory framework within which the policy sits, in addition to the roles and responsibilities of the Committee and the Chief Executive Officer in applying the policy.

The policy supports the Group's strategy and is based on the following key principles:

- Aligned to creating long-term sustainable success for the Group
- Competitive within the markets in which it operates (but not excessive) and supports the Group's ability to attract and retain talent
- Balanced appropriately between fixed and variable elements of remuneration in a way that rewards performance, encourages the right behaviours and eliminates undue behavioural and reputational risk and risk to the Group's capital base
- Simple and transparent in its design
- Meets all regulatory requirements

This policy is kept under review in line with development in best practice, new regulation and legislation and in the best interests of the Group.

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Remuneration Committee Report

continued

Types of remuneration

The remuneration for Executives and MRTs is set at a level that maintains an appropriate balance between fixed base pay, variable pay and benefits, including:

- **Base pay**: provide a fair level of fixed base pay to individual Executives and MRTs which reflects the individual's experience, role, contribution and external market pricing.
- **Pension**: enable Executives and MRTs to build long-term savings for retirement in a tax efficient way. This includes participation in a Group pension scheme or receipt of a cash pension allowance.
- Short-term Incentive Bonus Plan: motivate and incentivise Executives and MRTs to deliver Company performance in line with strategy and annual plan expectations. The bonus pool is calculated using a basket of both financial and non-financial measures. Bonus amount considers both business and individual performance.
- Long-term Incentive Management Incentive Plan: motivate and incentivise Executives and MRTs to deliver long-term business plans, sustainable long-term growth and Group strategic priorities. A Management Incentive Plan ('MIP') has been offered to a number of senior colleagues who are critical to achieving the long-term goals of the organisation.
- Other benefits: provide additional core benefits to Executives and MRTs that are market competitive. This may include provision of a range of benefits such as death in service, private medical insurance and other benefits as considered appropriate.

 In setting the remuneration for Executives and MRTs, the Committee considers the remuneration on offer to the wider employee population within the Group as well as external market benchmarking. The Committee and the Board closely monitor the Group's Gender Pay Gap reporting, progress against the HM Treasury Women in Finance Charter (of which esure is a signatory) and the organisation's approach to equity, inclusion and diversity

The Committee ensures that consumer and vulnerable customer outcomes are appropriately included in the design of variable remuneration and Executive objectives.

Chair and Independent Non-Executive Directors' Remuneration policy

Remuneration for the Chair of the Board is set by the Chair of the Committee in consultation with the shareholder. The remuneration for the Chair of the Committee is set by the Chair of the Board, in consultation with the shareholder, while the remuneration for the other Non-Executive Directors is set by the Chair of the Committee and the Chair of the Board, in all cases advised by remuneration consultants as necessary.

No individual is involved in decision-making related to their own remuneration. The remuneration for the Chair and Non-Executive Directors is structured to enable the Company to recruit and retain, at an appropriate cost, individuals with the necessary skills and experience to support the Board's leadership of the Group. Fees are reviewed annually, considering time commitments and equivalent benchmarks for comparable non-executive director roles.

In addition to the remuneration described in this section, the Chair of the Board is also a participant in the MIP scheme described above.

Chief Executive Officer

The Chief Executive Officer does not participate in the Committee's discussion of his pay review and any variable remuneration award. The Committee consults the Chair of the Board and the shareholder on the Chief Executive Officer's performance.

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Risk management Identification of Solvency II staff

The Group is required to identify the Solvency II staff who have a material impact on the risk profile of the organisation and who have specific remuneration arrangements in place. The remuneration policy identifies where the remuneration arrangements for Solvency II staff differ from the arrangements for the wider workforce. Employees have been notified if they are Solvency II staff and asked to confirm they understand the implications of this classification. The group of Solvency II staff, and the methodology used to determine them, are reviewed annually by the Committee and all deferrals are reviewed and, if appropriate, approved by the Committee.

Short-term variable remuneration – key control functions

Solvency II Key Control Functions (Risk & Compliance, Internal Audit and Actuarial) bonus is calculated with 30% based on shared business objectives, 30% on team/ functional objectives and 40% on individual objectives.

Malus and clawback

The Group has malus and clawback procedures in place which cover all variable remuneration paid to Solvency II staff. The scenarios in which malus and clawback may be triggered include misconduct on the part of the individual and all material failures of risk management.

Remuneration Committee Report

continued

Risk adjustment process

The Group has established a risk adjustment process to determine whether annual bonus payments and/or longterm incentive vesting appropriately reflect the Group's exposure to risk and compliance with our risk policies and procedures during the year. Following the year end, the Chief Risk and Legal Officer is asked to report on the following key areas of risk and compliance:

- Adherence to risk profile: has all business been carried out within the Group's approved risk appetite and not at the expense of deviating from the risk framework approved by the Board at the start of the year
- Assessment of risk culture and conduct: have individuals followed the Group's risk policies and procedures, completed any relevant risk training and appropriately escalated any risk breaches within specified timeframes

Following a discussion of any issues raised during this process, the Committee, in consultation with the Chief Risk and Legal Officer and Chair of the Risk Committee, will make appropriate adjustments to payments or levels of vesting.

Directors' remuneration

Remuneration received by the Directors for the year ended 31 December 2024 is shown below:

All Directors	Year ended 31 December 2024	Year ended 31 December 2023
Directors' emoluments	£6,128,455	£3,400,631
Payments in respect of pension ¹	£137,500	£137,500
Total	£6,265,955	£3,538,131

1 Or cash supplement in lieu of pension.

Highest paid Director	Year ended 31 December 2024	Year ended 31 December 2023
Director's emoluments	£3,173,522	£1,835,658
Payments in respect of pension ¹	£90,000	£90,000
Total	£3,263,522	£1,925,658

1 Or cash supplement in lieu of pension.

Remuneration for other members of the senior management team

The principles and remuneration structures described within the Executive and MRT Remuneration policy apply throughout the whole senior management team, with the exceptions of bonus for employees within Solvency II Key Control functions.

Remuneration for wider employees

The Group seeks to pay all staff competitively and fairly for the roles they undertake. esure applies similar principles for remuneration across the workforce to those that apply to Executive Directors. All permanent employees are eligible to receive a bonus on a discretionary basis, subject to Company and individual performance.

Gender pay gap report

Gender pay gap data is reviewed on a regular basis, and 2024 data has been published on the Group website.

Loss of office

Within the terms of the agreed policy, as appropriate, the Committee will approve any termination payments to be made to Executives and MRT including pay in lieu of notice, annual bonus, deferred bonus, long-term incentives and ex-gratia payments. To avoid actual or perceived reward for failure, the Group has a policy framework for termination payments made to Executive Directors and MRTs based on voluntary resignation or termination for cause; severance terms agreed for an individual and death, ill health, disability, injury, or where the individual's employing company or business leaves the Group.

Committee governance

The Committee reviewed its terms of reference in 2024 and recommended non-material updates to the Board. The Committee has acted in accordance with its terms of reference throughout 2024.

The Committee undertook a self-evaluation of its performance in 2024 and concluded that it continued to operate effectively.

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Annette Andrews Chair of the Remuneration Committee 31 March 2025

Directors' Report

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Directors' Introduction

The Directors present their report together with the audited accounts for the year ended 31 December 2024 esure Group plc is incorporated and domiciled in England and Wales. It has debt listed on the Global Equity Market segment of the Euronext Dublin exchange. Its registered office is in England and Wales (see Corporate Information).

Its wholly owned subsidiaries, esure Insurance Limited, and esure Services Limited are authorised and regulated by the Prudential Regulation Authority and the Financial Conduct Authority (as applicable). The Group has no branches outside the United Kingdom. Other information that is relevant to the Directors' Report, and which is incorporated by reference, can be located as follows:

- Chair's Statement pages 5 and 6
- Chief Executive's Review pages 7 to 9
- Risk Management pages 31 to 51
- Environmental, Social and Governance pages 52 to 64
- Corporate Governance Statement pages 73 and 74
- Corporate Governance Report pages 72 to 93

Non-Financial Information Statement

Under sections 414CA and 414CB of the Companies Act 2006, the Company is required to include, in its Strategic Report, a non-financial information statement. The information required by this legislation can be found in the following sections:

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- Business Model page 10
- Key Performance Indicators page 23
- Principal Risks pages 35 to 37
- Environmental, Social and Governance Matters pages 52 to 64
- Directors' Report pages 94 to 99

In addition to the ESG policy, esure has several other related policies in place, including: (i) Financial Crime policy, (ii) Modern Slavery policy, (iii) Whistleblowing policy, (iv) Equity, Inclusion and Diversity policy, (iv) Code of Conduct and our (iv) Outsourcing and Material Third-party Arrangements policy.

Directors' Introduction

continued

Section 172 Companies Act

Further details of how the Board incorporates the views of key stakeholders in the decisions made for the long-term success of the Company can be found in the Strategic Report on pages 4 to 71.

Strategic Report

The Group is required by the Companies Act 2006 to prepare a Strategic Report that includes a fair review of the Group's business, a balanced and comprehensive analysis of the development and the performance of the Company's business during the year, the position of the Group as at 31 December 2024 and a description of the principal risks and uncertainties faced by the Company in addition to certain non-financial reporting matters. The Group is also required to provide an indication of future developments of the business which can be found in the Strategic Report.

Results

The results for the year are shown in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income in the Financial Statements.

Dividends

The Directors do not propose to recommend the payment of a final dividend in respect of the year ended 31 December 2024 (2023: nil), or to pay an interim dividend. For further information about dividend policy and interim dividends paid in 2024, refer to page 30.

Post-balance sheet events

There were no significant post-balance sheet events requiring an adjustment to the Group financial position since 31 December 2024.

Board of Directors

The current Directors who served on the Board, biographical details and any changes to the Board composition during the 2024 financial year and up to the date of this report can be found in the Corporate Governance report on pages 75 to 78. They are incorporated into this Directors' Report by reference.

Appointment, retirement and removal of Directors

The appointment and replacement of Directors is governed by the Company's Articles of Association, as adopted on 20 April 2020 (Articles), and the Companies Act 2006. The Articles may only be amended by a special resolution of the shareholder. The Board has the power to appoint additional Directors or to fill a casual vacancy amongst the Directors. Any such Director holds office only until the next Annual General Meeting and may offer himself or herself for election. The shareholder may also remove any Director prior to the expiration of his or her office by special resolution and appoint a replacement by ordinary resolution.

Directors' and Officers' insurance and indemnities

The Group maintains Directors' and Officers' liability insurance, which gives appropriate cover should legal action be brought against its Directors. In addition, indemnities are in force under which the Group has agreed to indemnify Executive Directors and Independent Non-Executive Directors against liabilities and related costs that they may incur in the execution of their duties. This includes Directors of the Group's subsidiary companies. These indemnities do not cover the Directors for fraudulent activities and were in force during the financial year and remain in force for future financial years.

Employees and employee engagement

As at 31 December 2024, the Group employed 1,087 people of which 45% are women and 55% are men. Our Board of Directors at the end of 2024 was 18% female and 82% male. Our senior leadership team comprised 30% female and 70% male members. Further information on our employee engagement can be found in the People area of the ESG report on pages 60 to 61.

Engagement with stakeholders

Details of how the Directors have had regard to foster the Company's business relationships with our corporate partners, customers and others, and the effect of that regard on principal decisions taken by the Company can be found in the s172 section on pages 65 to 71.

Directors' Introduction

continued

Colleague engagement actions

The Group is committed to creating an inclusive environment in which individual differences and contributions are recognised and valued, and to safeguard a working environment that promotes dignity and respect for all. No form of victimisation, discrimination, bullying or harassment will be tolerated. We seek to promote equal opportunities for all, through the provision of employment practices and policies that recognise the diversity of employees and ensure that neither current employees nor prospective employees receive less favourable treatment on the basis of their perceived or actual age, disability, race, religion or belief, sex (including gender, marital status, pregnancy or maternity, or gender reassignment or sexual orientation), working hours (part-time, full-time or fixed-term employees) or physical characteristics.

We are committed to becoming a truly diverse and inclusive organisation – in everything we do and for everyone. Further details on our employee engagement can be found in the Equity, Inclusion and Diversity section on page 60 and 61.

Colleague policies

The colleague policies listed below are reviewed annually by the Board:

- Equity, Inclusion and Diversity policy
- Code of Conduct

The Code of Conduct guides everyone in how to behave. It is a mandatory policy all colleagues are required to read, understand and acknowledge annually. The Code of Conduct explicitly refers to equality and diversity. In addition, our Recruitment policy affirms our commitment to equality and diversity throughout the recruitment and selection process. The training, career opportunities, development, and promotion of people with disabilities are, as far as possible, identical to those of other employees. The Group's policy is to offer reasonable adjustments as appropriate, to support the employment of those with disabilities.

Further information in respect of actions taken with the aim of encouraging employee involvement and achieving employee engagement in the Company has been disclosed in the ESG report on pages 60 to 61.

Human rights

The Group resides and offers its products only within Great Britain. During 2024, the Group was subject to both the European Convention on Human Rights and the UK Human Rights Act 1998. We respect all human rights and enact these particularly in relation to fair treatment, the avoidance of discrimination and privacy for our customers, suppliers and colleagues. The Group aims to ensure that employees comply with all relevant UK legislation and regulations, and this is underpinned by the policies in place and managed by the Human Resources function. The Board annually reviews and approves the Modern Slavery Statement which sets out our efforts and actions to eliminate modern slavery across our supply chain.

Bribery and corruption

The Group maintains high ethical standards in carrying out its business activities. The Group's Code of Conduct and Financial Crime policy help all employees to understand and meet the high standards of personal and professional integrity required of them. Any activity that might potentially be interpreted as the Group or its employees offering and giving or requesting and accepting a bribe is strictly prohibited.

Political donations

The Group's policy is not to make any donations or contributions to political parties or organisations (including non-UK political parties) and no such payments were made during the year.

External auditor

Deloitte LLP were appointed auditor of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2024. Resolutions to re-appoint Deloitte LLP as auditor of the Group and to authorise the Directors to determine its remuneration were proposed and approved at the 2024 Annual General Meeting. The Audit Committee considers that the relationship with the External auditor is working well and remains satisfied with its effectiveness.

There are no contractual obligations restricting the Group's choice of auditor. Further information can be found in the Audit Committee report on pages 86 to 88.

Their registered office details are:

Deloitte LLP 1 New Street Square London, EC4A 3HQ United Kingdom

Disclosure of information to the Group's auditor

Each Director at the date of the approval of this report confirms that:

- So far as he, she or they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Group's auditor is unaware; and
- He, she or they have taken all the steps that he, she or they ought to have taken as a Director to make himself, herself or themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Group's auditor is aware of that information.

continued

Internal audit

The activities and effectiveness of internal audit are monitored and reviewed by the Audit Committee. Further information can be found in the Audit Committee Report on page 88.

Going concern

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. The financial performance and position of the Group, its cash flows and its approach to capital management are set out in the Financial Review and Solvency and Financial Condition Report.

The Group's financial position reflects appropriate reserves, a conservative investment portfolio and capital in excess of the minimum regulatory requirement.

In addition, the Board has reviewed the Group's projections for the next planning cycle, including regulatory capital surpluses and has considered the potential impacts arising from current economic conditions.

The key uncertainties for 2025 and beyond considered by the Board were the risks due to the impact of inflation on claims severity and expenses, changing consumer behaviour and the consequential impact on claims frequency, and the outlook for market pricing.

Having undertaken this review and considered these uncertainties and risks, the Directors have a reasonable expectation that the Group has adequate resources to continue in operation for at least the next 12 months.

Related party transactions

The following transactions took place with related parties during the year:

• The Group uses a company that is controlled by Bain Capital to provide recruitment, HR, payroll and benefits-related services.

The Group undertakes a quarterly review of related party relationships with Bain Capital. Further details can be found in the Notes to the Accounts (note 25).

The Group undertakes an annual review of conflicts of interest and any related party transactions of the Board of Directors and Group Executive members. Directors and Group Executive members are required to review and confirm their interests annually. The Board is satisfied that the systems for the reporting of conflicts of interest and related party transactions are operating effectively. Further details on Directors' conflicts of interest can be found on page 85.

Research and development

While the Company does not actively undertake pure research and development activities there is ongoing activity to improve the products and services provided to our customers.

Special rights

There are no persons holding securities that carry special rights with regard to the control of the Group.

Risk management and internal control

The Board is ultimately responsible for the effectiveness of the Group's system of risk management and internal control. Financial risk management is discussed in the Risk Management report on pages 31 to 51. The Risk Committee and the Audit Committee, respectively, regularly review the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems. The Committees have not identified or been advised of any failings or weaknesses that they have determined to be significant. The Audit Committee has considered the restatement in the opening balance sheet in relation to the transition to IFRS 17 in the context of the control environment. Further details can be found in the Committee Reports on pages 86 to 90.

The Audit, Risk and Remuneration Committees endeavour to ensure that the Group has in place appropriate and effective controls, checks, systems and risk management.

Financial instruments

Details of the Company's approach to the use of financial instruments can be found in the Notes to the Accounts (notes 2 and 15).

Corporate information

Registered office: The Observatory, Castlefield Road, Reigate, Surrey RH2 0SG.

Registered No: 07064312

Type of Company: Public company limited by shares.

Place of Registration: England and Wales

Legal entity identifier: LEI 213800KOI3F5LM54PT80

Website: www.esuregroup.com

Tel: +44 (0)1737 222 222

This section, together with the Corporate Governance report set out on pages 72 to 93, are approved by order of the Board.

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Caroline Smith Company Secretary 31 March 2025

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

In respect of the Annual Report and the Financial Statements

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the Group and parent Company financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare group and parent Company financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the group financial statements in accordance with UK-adopted international accounting standards and applicable law and have elected to prepare the parent Company financial statements in accordance with UK accounting standards and applicable law, including FRS 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework.

Under company law the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the group and parent Company and of the Group's profit or loss for that period. In preparing each of the Group and parent Company financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable, relevant and reliable;
- for the group financial statements, state whether they have been prepared in accordance with UK-adopted international accounting standards;

- for the parent company financial statements, state whether applicable UK accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the parent company financial statements;
- assess the Group and parent company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and
- use the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the Group or the parent company or to cease operations or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the parent Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the parent company and enable them to ensure that its financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Group and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities. Under applicable law and regulations, the Directors are also responsible for preparing a Strategic Report and a Directors' Report that complies with that law and those regulations.

The Directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the Company's website. Legislation in the UK governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

David McMillan Chief Executive Officer 31 March 2025

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to the Members of esure Group PLC

Report on the audit of the financial statements

1. Opinion

In our opinion:

- the financial statements of esure Group plc (the 'Parent Company') and its subsidiaries (the 'Group') give a true and fair view of the state of the Group's and Parent Company's affairs as at 31 December 2024 and of the Group's profit for the year then ended;
- the Group financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom adopted international accounting standards;
- the Parent Company financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, including Financial Reporting Standard 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework"; and
- the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements which comprise:

- the consolidated income statement;
- the consolidated statement of comprehensive income;
- the consolidated statement of financial position;
- the consolidated statement of changes in equity;
- the consolidated statement of cash flows;
- the parent company statement of financial position;
- the parent company statement of changes in equity;
- the parent company statement of cash flows; and
- the related notes 1 to 27 on the consolidated financial statements and related notes 1 to 7 on the parent company financial statements, excluding the capital adequacy disclosures in note 15(d) calculated in accordance with the Solvency II regime that are marked as unaudited.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation of the Group financial statements is applicable law and United Kingdom adopted international accounting standards. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in the preparation of the parent company financial statements is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

2. Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report.

We are independent of the group and the parent company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the Financial Reporting Council's (the 'FRC's') Ethical Standard as applied to listed entities, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

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Key audit matters	The key audit matters that we identified in the current year were:	
	 Valuation of liability for incurred claims – bodily injury excess 	
	 Valuation of liability for incurred claims – inflation assumptions 	
	Within this report, key audit matters are identified as follows:	
	🚫 Similar level of risk	
Materiality	The materiality that we used for the group financial statements was $\pm 8,130,000$ which was determined on the basis of Insurance Revenue.	
Scoping	Four entities within the Group were subject to audit procedures based on our scoping of significant accounts for the Group. These entities account for 100% of the Group's Insurance Revenue and 98% of the Group's loss before tax.	
Significant changes	Significant changes in our approach in the current year include:	
in our approach	 The key audit matter related to capitalisation of intangibles is no longer a key audit matter given the reduction in the amount of transformation costs for the year ended 31 December 2024; and 	
	 Given the Group's transition to IFRS 17 Insurance Contracts on 1 January 2022, we no longer deem the pervasive accounting impact and the significant judgements made by management in its application as a key audit matter for the year ended 31 December 2024. 	

4. Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Our evaluation of the directors' assessment of the group's and parent company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting included:

- obtaining an understanding of the internal controls relating to Directors' going concern assessment process;
- assessing management's Strategic Plan and underlying business plans and forecasts, including the forecast solvency position, to support key forward-looking assumptions;
- evaluating the historical accuracy of forecasts prepared by management; and
- evaluating management's sensitivity analysis on key assumptions used in the going concern assessment.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the group's and parent company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

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5. Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period and include the most significant assessed risks of material misstatement (whether or not due to fraud) that we identified. These matters included those which had the greatest effect on: the overall audit strategy; the allocation of resources in the audit; and directing the efforts of the engagement team.

These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

5.1 Valuation of liability for incurred claims – bodily injury excess 🚫

Key audit matter description	The Group's gross insurance contract liabilities total £1.48 billion (2023, as restated: £1.51 billion) and represent the single largest liability on the balance sheet. Valuation of these liabilities requires the selection of methods and assumptions that are subject to high levels of estimation uncertainty. Consequently, small changes in these methods or assumptions can materially impact the valuation of these liabilities.
	The frequency and severity of large bodily claims have a significant impact on the valuation of the insurance contract liabilities and the setting of these assumptions is driven by a variety of factors. These factors include the completeness and accuracy of source data and the transparency of any changes in the reporting of large bodily claims. There is a significant level of judgement and estimation uncertainty in the valuation of these claims in considering the consistency of actuarial assumptions with emerging data, market factors and the Group's reserving policy, which increases the susceptibility of the balance to material misstatement due to error and fraud.
	Refer to page 87 (Audit Committee Report), page 130 (Note 3, Significant Judgements and Estimates), page 117 (Accounting policies), and page 155 (Note 16 – Insurance Liabilities and Reinsurance Assets).
How the scope of our audit responded to the	We have gained an understanding of the end-to-end claims and reserving process and obtained an understanding of relevant controls over data reconciliations, management review meetings, and models and assumption used in setting the reserves.
key audit matter	In order to gain assurance over the completeness and accuracy of source data used in the Group's actuarial calculations, we have performed reconciliations on the actuarial data back to the financial ledger. Having done this, we worked with our actuarial specialists to:
	• Understand the reserving process in relation to large bodily injury claims undertaken by assessing relevant documentation and meeting with the Group's actuarial team;
	Challenge the Group's methodology and key assumptions, and the underlying rationale adopted. This included:
	 Reproducing model outputs using our reserving software;
	 Using our reserving software to assess the impact of any emerging claims trends;
	 Compare the bodily injury assumptions to trends in historical claims data and market data such as RPI, wage inflation and other inflationary indices, considering frequency and severity separately where applicable.
	- Testing the consistency of gross and reinsurance assumptions for Periodic Payment Order (PPOs) and large bodily injury lump sum claims;
	 Performing sensitivity testing on the model methodology and assumptions selections and changes;
	 Obtaining the reports from management's external actuary and comparing the output of the external reserving exercise to that of management. We also assessed the objectivity, competence and capability of management's expert; and
	 Assessing the appropriateness of management's disclosures.
Key observations	We have concluded that the assumptions used in the valuation of the large bodily injury claims reserves within liability for incurred claims are reasonable.

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5.2 Valuation of liability for incurred claims – inflation assumptions 📀

Key audit matter description	The Group's gross insurance contract liabilities total £1.48 billion (2023, as restated: £1.51 billion) and represent the single largest liability on the balance sheet. Valuation of these liabilities requires the selection of methods and assumptions that are subject to high levels of estimation uncertainty. Consequently, small changes in these methods or assumptions can materially impact the valuation of these liabilities.	
	Given the ongoing uncertainty in the UK's inflation environment, the impact of future inflation assumptions is highly judgemental and has a material impact on the financia statements.	
	Given past trends and the impact of different drivers of future inflation, the approach to consideration of the future inflationary impact is expected to differ by damage, lum sum bodily injury and Periodical Payment Order ("PPOs") claim types.	
	Refer to page 87 (Audit Committee Report), page 130 (Note 3, Significant Judgements and Estimates), page 117 (Accounting policies), and page 155 (Note 16 – Insurance Liabilities and Reinsurance Assets).	
How the scope of our audit responded to the	We have gained an understanding over management's process for setting these assumptions and obtained an understanding of the relevant controls surrounding the setting of the inflation assumptions.	
key audit matter	We have worked with our actuarial specialists to:	
	• Understanding management's inflation assumption, by claim type, by assessing relevant documentation, discussions with management, and comparison with market economic data;	
	• Inspecting and challenging management's assumption in comparison to output of alternative inflation assumptions, by claim type, requesting additional sensitivity testir from management where needed;	
	• Inspecting and challenging management's assumptions by comparison to alternative benchmarks, by claim type, of inflationary impacts captured within case estimates;	
	• Inspecting and challenging management on the methodology and rationale for deriving the PPO future inflation rate given reference to current and future expectations of market wage inflation and cost of care inflation;	
	Challenging the selected inflation rate by benchmarking it against market peers; and	
	Assessing the appropriateness of management's disclosures.	
Key observations	We have determined that the inflation assumptions used in the valuation of liability for incurred claims reserves are reasonable.	

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6. Our application of materiality

6.1 Materiality

We define materiality as the magnitude of misstatement in the financial statements that makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable person would be changed or influenced. We use materiality both in planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work.

Based on our professional judgement, we determined materiality for the financial statements as a whole as follows:

	Group financial statements	Parent company financial statements
Materiality	£8,130,000 (2023: £6,720,000)	£7,320,000 (2023: £5,376,000)
Basis for determining materiality	Materiality approximates 0.8% of insurance revenue (2023: approximates 0.8% of insurance revenue).	Materiality approximates 2% of shareholders' equity (2023: approximates 2% of shareholders' equity), which is capped to 95% of group materiality.
Rationale for the benchmark applied	Insurance revenue was chosen as a metric as esure is a profit-making entity and this is expected to be a primary metric under IFRS 17 used by stakeholders when valuing an entity.	We determined that the critical benchmark for the Parent Company was shareholders' equity. This is because the Parent Company is not a trading entity but rather receives dividend income from its subsidiaries. When determining materiality for the Parent Company, we also considered the appropriateness of this materiality for the consolidation of this set of financial statements to the Group's results.



- Component performance materiality range £0.48m to £4.39m
- Audit Committee reporting threshold £0.41m

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6.2 Performance materiality

We set performance materiality at a level lower than materiality to reduce the probability that, in aggregate, uncorrected and undetected misstatements exceed the materiality for the financial statements as a whole.

	Group financial statements	Parent company financial statements	
Performance materiality	56.8% of group materiality (2023: 65% of group materiality)	56.8% of parent component materiality (2023: 65% of parent component materiality)	
Basis and rationale	In determining performance materiality, we considered the following factors:		
for determining	 the nature, volume and size of misstatements in the previous audit; 		
performance	 the nature, volume and size of prior year restatements identified; 		
materiality	• quality of the control environment and whether we were able to rely on controls; and		
	 identified control deficiencies. 		

6.3 Error reporting threshold

We agreed with the Audit Committee that we would report to the Committee all audit differences in excess of £407,000 (2023: £340,000), as well as differences below that threshold that, in our view, warranted reporting on qualitative grounds. We also report to the Audit Committee on disclosure matters that we identified when assessing the overall presentation of the financial statements.

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7. An overview of the scope of our audit7.1 Identification and scoping of components

The scope of our Group audit was determined by obtaining an understanding of the Group and its environment, including group wide controls and assessing the risks of material misstatement at Group level. We have performed an audit of the entire financial information for esure Group plc, esure Insurance Limited, esure Services Limited and esure Property Limited. All entities subject to an audit of the entire financial information were performed directly by the group audit team and executed at levels of performance materiality applicable to each individual entity that were lower than group performance materiality. All entities within scope of the Group audit are based in the UK. The other entities within the group are immaterial to the group and we have hence performed an assessment of residual balances alongside analytical review procedures for the group.

Group materiality is used for setting audit scope and the assessment of uncorrected misstatements. Materiality is set for each component in line with the components proportion of the chosen benchmark. This is capped at the lower of 95% of Group materiality determined for individual components and the materiality determined for a standalone audit. The main insurance trading entity, esure Insurance Limited, which makes up 100% of Group insurance revenue is scoped to a component performance materiality for other entities within the scope of our Group audit ranged from £0.48 million to £4.16 million.

These four entities subject to an audit of the entire financial information represent the principal trading and service operations of the Group and account for 100% (2023: 100%) of the Group's net assets, 100% of the Group's insurance revenue (2023: 100%) and 100% (2023: 98% of the group's loss before tax) of the Group's profit before tax. They were also selected to provide an appropriate basis for undertaking audit work to address the risks of material misstatement identified above. At the Group level we also tested the consolidation process and carried out analytical procedures to confirm our conclusion that there were no significant risks of material misstatement of the aggregated financial information of the remaining components not subject to audit or audit of specified account balances. The audit team directly performed the audit work for all of the entities listed above, including the Parent Company.

7.2 Our consideration of the control environment

We obtained an understanding of the relevant controls within the Group, including controls over the following business processes: financial reporting, insurance revenue, insurance service expenses, liability for incurred claims, liability for remaining coverage, cash and investments. We also identified the key IT systems in the Group that were relevant to the audit, and involved our IT specialists to support our testing of general IT controls over these systems, including the policy administration systems, general ledger, reserving software, data warehouse, payment gateway and automated reconciliation tools. We identified deficiencies in the business controls and our IT specialists identified deficiencies in respect of user access review, segregation of duties and privilege user access, hence we were not able to place reliance on controls. The focus on 'strengthening financial controls' is discussed in the audit committee report on page 87 of the annual report.

7.3 Our consideration of climate-related risks

The Group monitors and manages climate risk as a cross-cutting risk considered within the principal risks and integrated into the Risk Management Framework. Refer to page 38 (Climate section) and pages 52 to 64 of the ESG section of the annual report. We obtained an understanding of management's processes to address climate-related risks, including management's implementation of the Climate strategy. We have assessed whether these initiatives undertaken by management are aligned with the Climate Change Roadmap developed by the Association of British Insurers. We have performed a risk assessment of the financial impact of climate risks on the financial statements and concluded the risks of material misstatement due to climate risk factors are remote. We have considered whether information included in the climate related disclosures in the Annual Report were materially consistent with our understanding of the business and the financial statements. Management has concluded there to be no material impact arising from climate change on the judgements and estimates made in the financial statements as noted in Note 3: Critical accounting judgements.

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8. Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

9. Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the statement of directors' responsibilities, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the group's and the parent company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the group or the parent company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

10. Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

11. Extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of noncompliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below.

11.1 Identifying and assessing potential risks related to irregularities

In identifying and assessing risks of material misstatement in respect of irregularities, including fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations, we considered the following:

- the nature of the industry and sector, control environment and business performance including the design of the group's remuneration policies, key drivers for directors' remuneration, bonus levels and performance targets;
- the group's own assessment of the risks that irregularities may occur either as a result of fraud or error;
- results of our enquiries of management, internal audit, the directors and the audit committee about their own identification and assessment of the risks of irregularities, including those that are specific to the company's sector;

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- any matters we identified having obtained and reviewed the group's documentation of their policies and procedures relating to:
- identifying, evaluating and complying with laws and regulations and whether they were aware of any instances of non-compliance;
- detecting and responding to the risks of fraud and whether they have knowledge of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud;
- the internal controls established to mitigate risks of fraud or non-compliance with laws and regulations;
- the matters discussed among the audit engagement team and relevant internal specialists, including fraud, real estate, tax, valuations, IT and industry specialists regarding how and where fraud might occur in the financial statements and any potential indicators of fraud.

As a result of these procedures, we considered the opportunities and incentives that may exist within the organisation for fraud and identified the greatest potential for fraud in the following areas: valuation of liability for incurred claims – large bodily excess and valuation of liability for incurred claims - inflation assumptions, and the migration of historical claims information from one system to another.. In common with all audits under ISAs (UK), we are also required to perform specific procedures to respond to the risk of management override.

We also obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory framework that the group operates in, focusing on provisions of those laws and regulations that had a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The key laws and regulations we considered in this context included the UK Companies Act and tax legislation. In addition, we considered provisions of other laws and regulations that do not have a direct effect on the financial statements but compliance with which may be fundamental to the group's ability to operate or to avoid a material penalty. These included the group's operating licence, regulatory solvency requirements such as those under the relevant Solvency II requirements and those required by the PRA, FCA and environmental regulations.

11.2 Audit response to risks identified

As a result of performing the above, we identified valuation of liability for incurred claims – large bodily excess and valuation of liability for incurred claims – inflation assumptions as key audit matters related to the potential risk of fraud. The key audit matters section of our report explains the matters in more detail and also describes the specific procedures we performed in response to those key audit matters.

In addition to the above, our procedures to respond to risks identified included the following:

- reviewing the financial statement disclosures and testing to supporting documentation to assess compliance with provisions of relevant laws and regulations described as having a direct effect on the financial statements;
- enquiring of management, the audit committee and in-house legal counsel concerning actual and potential litigation and claims;
- performing analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships that may indicate risks of material misstatement due to fraud;
- reading minutes of meetings of those charged with governance, reviewing internal audit reports and reviewing correspondence with the PRA and FCA;

- in addressing the fraud risk identified in the migration of historical claims information from one system to another we performed reconciliations and agreed a sample of claims between the two systems; and
- in addressing the risk of fraud through management override of controls, testing the appropriateness of journal entries and other adjustments; assessing whether the judgements made in making accounting estimates are indicative of a potential bias; and evaluating the business rationale of any significant transactions that are unusual or outside the normal course of business.

We also communicated relevant identified laws and regulations and potential fraud risks to all engagement team members including internal specialists, and remained alert to any indications of fraud or noncompliance with laws and regulations throughout the audit.

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Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

12. Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the strategic report and the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the strategic report and the directors' report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the group and the parent company and their environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified any material misstatements in the strategic report or the directors' report.

13. Matters on which we are required to report by exception

13.1 Adequacy of explanations received and accounting records

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the parent company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

13.2 Directors' remuneration

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are also required to report if in our opinion certain disclosures of directors' remuneration have not been made.

We have nothing to report in respect of this matter.

14. Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

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Mark McQueen, ACA Senior statutory auditor For and on behalf of Deloitte LLP Statutory Auditor London, United Kingdom 31 March 2025 110

Measuring Performance

The Group uses a number of Key Performance Indicators ('KPI'), some of which are Alternative Performance Measures, to assess business performance. These reflect how the business is managed and aligns with our strategic priorities. Further information on the definition of these metrics and the reconciliation to IFRS (where appropriate) is provided in the Glossary of Terms on pages 183 to 185.

KPI metric	Definition	KPI metric	Definition
Growth:		Quality:	
In-force Policies	The number of live insurance policies at any point in time is a key measure of the scale of the Group's engagement with customers.	Net Loss Ratio	Net loss ratio is defined as net incurred claims (being insurance service expense less insurance expenses less amounts recoverable from reinsurers) as a percentage of net insurance revenue. This is a key measure of the underwriting performance of the Group.
Turnover	Turnover includes insurance revenue, excluding the movement in unearned premium, and other income. This measure is used by		
	management to show the underwriting scale of the Group.	Expense Ratio	Expense ratio is defined as insurance expenses as a percentage
Net Revenue	Net Revenue includes net insurance revenue, net investment return		of net insurance revenue.
	and other income. This measure shows the total income retained by the Group having ceded premium to reinsurance partners.	Combined Operating Ratio	The combined operating ratio is defined as the net loss ratio plus the expense ratio and is a traditional general insurance measure
Retention Rate	The percentage of customers who choose to renew their policy with the Group and is a key measure of customer loyalty and underpins customer growth.		of the profitability of an insurance business.
		Unit Cost	Unit cost is used to monitor the efficiency of the Group's operations. The measure takes insurance expenses, plus other trading operating costs and divides this cost by the average number of In-force Policies in the year.
		Net Promoter Score	Measure of overall customer sentiment and engagement with the Group. It is calculated by asking a random, representative sample of our customers how likely they are to recommend the Group to others on a scale of 0 to 10.
		Complaints and Financial Ombudsman referrals	The number of complaints as a percentage of the Group's In-force Policies and the number complaints referred to the Financial Ombudsman as a percentage of the Group's In-force policies are both used to monitor the quality of customer service.

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Measuring Performance

KPI metric	Definition	KPI metric
Employee engagement	Employee Engagement is a measure of how committed and enthusiastic our colleagues are about their work and the organisation. The overall employee engagement score is measured through the use of monthly colleague surveys.	Return on tangible equi
Returns:		
Trading Profit	Trading profit is the Group's measure of underlying, long-term profitability. It excludes the impact of costs relating to one-off	Profit after ta
	activity, the categories of which are reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board.	Solvency coverage
	The Group holds a significant investment portfolio over the medium to long-term and therefore the movements seen in a very volatile	
	investment market do not reflect this underlying performance – the Group has therefore disclosed the trading profit before the effect of investment volatility directly resulting from market rate movement in the year.	
Profit Margin	Profit margin is the Group's trading profit as a percentage of Net Total Trading Revenue. This ratio gives a measure of the underlying profitability of the Group. Given the Group's multiple income streams, this is deemed to be a more relevant measure of trading performance than traditional underwriting metrics such as combined ratio. In previous years this calculation also included non-trading investment income, however this is no longer the case	
	for 2024. The prior year comparable (2023) has therefore been restated where the impact of doing so is minimal.	

KPI metric	Definition
Return on tangible equity	Return on tangible equity is a measure of the Group's return on shareholder investment. Return on equity is a widely understood market measure of capital efficiency, and returns to shareholders, and has been adjusted for non-trading items and to exclude rT1 capital from equity with related coupon treated as a financing cost.
Profit after tax	IFRS measure of profit available for holders of the Groups equity after all costs and taxes, including the cost of investment in new capability.
Solvency coverage	The measure of available qualifying regulatory capital as a percentage of the capital the Group is required to hold under Solvency II regulations. This is a key measure of balance sheet strength.

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Glossary of Terms

The definitions set out below apply throughout this document, unless the context requires otherwise

Term	Definition	Term	Definition
'Actuarial Best Estimate'	is the probability-weighted average of all future claims and cost scenarios, which is calculated using historical data, actuarial methods and judgements.	'Employee engagement'	is a measure of how committed and enthusiastic our colleagues are about their work and the organisation. The overall employee engagement score is measured through the use of monthly colleague surveys. In 2021, The Financial Conduct Authority (FCA) published rules
'Average written premium'	is the gross written premium divided by the year end in-force policies.	'FCA GIPP'	
'Board'	means the Board of Directors of the Company from time to time.		to improve the way the insurance market functions in relation to Motor and Home Insurance which came in to force on 1 January
'Claims incurred, net of reinsurance'	is the insurance service expense in the period, less insurance expenses, less any recoveries from reinsurers. It includes claims payments and movements in claims reserves.		2022, called the General Insurance Pricing Practices (GIPP). The new rules mean that insurers must offer the same price to both new and existing customers. Insurers can no longer charge existing
'Claims reserves'	are the Group's estimate of the final cost of claims and related expenses, less claims paid to date, which the Group will need to pay for, relating to earned business.		customers more at renewal compared to new customers, previous known as the 'loyalty penalty' and rights to cancel auto-renewal were made more accessible.
'Commutation'	is an agreement between the Group and a reinsurer that provides for the valuation and complete discharge of all obligations between the parties under a particular reinsurance contract.	'Game Changer'	means the Group's long-term business strategy. It guides our activities by keeping all colleagues focused on why our business exists, what we need to deliver to successfully transform and grow our business, and how we do it.
'Company'	means esure Group plc, a company incorporated in England and Wales with registered number 07064312 whose registered office is The Observatory, Castlefield Road, Reigate, Surrey RH2 0SG.	'Finance Costs'	consist of coupon payments due on the Notes and interest chargeable under accounting standards on balances which have been discounted to allow for the timing of payments due.
'Complaints'	means the number of complaints as a percentage of In-force Policies.	'Group' or 'esure Group'	means the Company and its subsidiaries.
'ClimateWise'	is part of the University of Cambridge Centre for Sustainable Finance, a global network of leading insurance industry and related organisations committed to responding to the risks and opportunities of climate change.	'Group Executive'	comprises the Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Risk and Legal Officer, Chief Technology Officer, Chief Customer Officer, Chief Strategy and Transformation Officer, Chief People Officer and Company Secretary, Chief Claims Officer.

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Glossary of Terms

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Term	Definition	Term	Definition	
'Gross written premiums'	are the total premiums relating to policies that began during the period.	'Profit margin' is the Group's trading profit as a percentage of Net Total Trading Revenue. This ratio gives a measure of the underlying profitability		
'IFRS'	means International Financial Reporting Standards.		of the Group. Given the Group's multiple income streams, this is deemed to be a more relevant measure of trading performance	
reported' ('IBNR')	are part of the Group's claims reserves, set aside to cover claims from accidents that have occurred but not been reported to the Group or that have been reported but where the ultimate cost of settling those claims is still uncertain. IBNR is an actuarial estimate.		than traditional underwriting metrics such as combined ratio. In previous years this calculation also included non-trading investmen income, however this is no longer the case for 2024. The prior year comparable (2023) has therefore been restated where the impact o doing so is minimal.	
'In-force Policies'	means the number of live insurance policies at any point of time.	'Prudent Person	is a Solvency II rule requiring insurers to only make investments	
'Loss portfolio transfer combined with adverse development cover ('LPT')'	is a reinsurance contract or agreement in which an insurer cedes policies to a reinsurer and includes reinsurance should any deterioration be seen in the amounts ceded.	Principle'	that a 'prudent person' would make. It does not require that those charged with governance should always makes correct decisions but requires them to make decisions that would be generally	
	In an LPT, a reinsurer assumes and accepts an insurer's existing open and future claim liabilities.		accepted as sound by an average person and such decisions should be made as if they were managing their own affairs.	
'Net insurance revenue'	is a measure of insurance revenue after allowing for the cost of reinsurance premiums. It is defined as insurance service revenue	'Quota share'	is a pro-rata reinsurance contract in which the insurer and reinsurer share premiums and losses according to a fixed percentage.	
	less the allocation of reinsurance premiums.	'Referrals to	is the number of complaints referred to the Financial Ombudsman	
'Net total revenue'	includes the net insurance revenue plus other additional services income plus investment income. This measure shows the total income retained by the Group having ceded premium	the Financial` Ombudsman (% of policies)'	divided by In-force Policies.	
	to reinsurance partners.	'Reinsurance'	is an arrangement whereby the Group transfers part of the accepted insurance risk to a panel of insurers. This allows the Group to mitigate its risk of losses from claims.	
'Ogden rate'	is the discount rate set by the Lord Chancellor and used by UK courts to calculate lump sum settlements.			
'Ordinary shares'	means the ordinary shares with a nominal value of 1/12 pence each in the capital of the Company.	Promoter Score'	is a measure of customer sentiment based on surveying a representative sample of customers about their likelihood	
'ORSA'	refers to the Own Risk and Solvency Assessment that aims to assess the overall solvency needs of an insurance company.		to recommend us. means the £75m, 6.0% Fixed Rate Reset Perpetual Restricted Tier 1	
'Periodic Payment	are claims payments used to settle large personal injury claims.	('rT1')	Contingent Convertible Notes issued on 22 July 2021.	
Orders ('PPOs')'	In addition to providing a lump sum, PPOs provide regular, index- linked payments for some or all of the future financial loss suffered.	'Retention rate'	is the percentage of customers who choose to renew their policy with the Group and is a key measure of customer loyalty and underpins customer growth.	
		'Return on tangible equity'	is a measure of the Group's return on shareholder investment. Return on equity is a widely understood market measure of returns to shareholders and has been adjusted to exclude rT1 capital from	

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equity with the related coupon treated as a financing cost.

Glossary of Terms

Term	Definition
'Senior Leadership Team'	comprises the team of esure colleagues responsible for the day-to-day management of the Group.
'Solvency II'	is the solvency framework implemented on 1 January 2016 as the capital adequacy regime for the European insurance industry governed by the European Insurance and Occupational Pensions Authority. Following Brexit and the transitional period, all the Binding Technical Standards mandates currently set out in the Solvency II Directive have been brought into UK law with responsibilities for meeting those mandates transferred to the Prudential Regulation Authority. Primarily, it concerns the amount of capital that insurance companies must hold to reduce the risk of insolvency.
'Solvency coverage'	the measure of available qualifying regulatory capital as a percentage of the capital the Group is required to hold under Solvency II regulations. This is a key measure of balance sheet strength.
'Turnover'	includes insurance revenue, excluding the movement in unearned premium, and other income. This measure is used by management to show the scale of the Group.
'Trading profit'	is the Group's measure of underlying, long-term profitability. It excludes the impact of costs relating to one-off activity, the categories of which are reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board.
	The Group holds a significant investment portfolio over the medium to long-term and therefore the movements seen in a very volatile investment market do not reflect this underlying performance – the Group has therefore disclosed the trading profit before the effect of investment volatility directly resulting from market rate movement in the year.
'Underwriting'	is the receipt of premium in return for the provision of insurance to a policyholder.
	The underwriting year refers to the financial year in which the policy begins.
'Unit cost'	is used to monitor the efficiency of the Group's operations.



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